

THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

CABLE AND TELEGRAPH REPORT OF THE SCRIPPS-MORAE PRESS ASSOCIATION CO.

VOL. XVII. NO. 253

LIMA, OHIO, TUESDAY, AUGUST 6, 1901.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

TONIGHT

The Call Will be Issued for the Great Amalgamated Strike.

The Steel Trust's Products

Will be the Subject of an Attack to be Made in the Call Asking the Federation of Labor Not to Handle Any of Them.

Pittsburg, August 6.—President Shaffer now announces that the call for the Amalgamated strike will be issued tonight instead of Friday. A call will be attached asking members of the American Federation of Labor not to handle any of the steel trust's products.

WARNING

Sent By President Shaffer to the Steel Trust Magnates.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Pittsburg, Penn., Aug. 6.—President Shaffer of the Amalgamated Association, will send a warning today to the Steel Trust and on Friday will issue an order for all Amalgamated men in the steel trust strike. At Wellsville it is stated that strikers are deserting and that the steel mill there is running with a fair complement of men and no disturbance.

CLEVELAND MEN

Decide to Stand By the Union and Continue the Strike.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Cleveland, Aug. 6.—It is rumored today that the newly formed Forest City local branch of the Amalgamated Association would give up the strike and go to work for steel trust. By a vote this morning, the men decided to stand by the union and will continue the strike. The officials of the Tin Plate Mill where these men work, say they will start the mill this afternoon anyway. All is quiet so far.

NON-UNION MEN

Being Railroaded Into the Steel Trust Mills at Several Places.

Pittsburg, Aug. 6.—The strike history in Pittsburg itself was not prolific of results; considerable, however, was doing in towns surrounding. In this city all of the idle mills were in the same condition as before the failure of the conference to settle the strike, and no apparent move is being

WHOLESALE

Grocers from a Trust With \$100,000,000 Capital.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Philadelphia, Aug. 6.—The latest combination reported is a trust of wholesale grocers, which includes 2700 wholesale firms of the United States. They will unite with a capital of one hundred million dollars. The object is economy in buying.

REBELLION

Against Austria Launched in Southern Tyrol.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Vienna, Aug. 6.—Southern Tyrol is in a state of passive rebellion against Austria and refuses to pay taxes or recognize the Austrian governor. The people of Southern Tyrol wish to become Italian subjects. Austria will surprise the rebellion by measures if necessary.

THREE MEN

Wanted for Milan Bank Robbery Found at Ottawa.

Were Arrested at the Latter Place a Week Ago for House Breaking and Horse Stealing.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Ottawa, Ohio, Aug. 6.—A Pinkerton detective who has been working on the Milan, Ohio, bank robbery, \$20,000, having been taken some weeks ago, has found in the county jail here, three of the men wanted. They are Lewis Laire, Geo. Arnold, and Wm. Palmer. The men were arrested here about a week ago for house breaking and horse stealing.

HANNA'S BOOM

Has Been Resurrected Again by Senator Scott.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. New York, Aug. 6.—Senator Scott, of West Virginia has come to the city with a new Marcus A. Hanna presidential boom. He says Senator Patbanks is most talked about in the middle west. Vice-President Roosevelt in the far west, and Senator Hanna all over the country. He says, "If elected, Hanna would make the most conservative and business like president we have ever had."

HAWISON

Has Been Detailed on Schley Court of Inquiry.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Washington, Aug. 6.—Rear Admiral Henry Howison, retired, has been detailed to take the place of Admiral Kimberly on the Schley court of inquiry. Howison is at present at Saratoga.

FILIPINOS

Recognize a Successor to Aguinaldo.

Miguel Malvar Now Leader of the Natives.

Proclamations Issued Giving Assurance of the Continuation of the Campaign Against the Americans.

Manila, Aug. 5.—Miguel Malvar, who has been recognized as the successor of Aguinaldo by the Filipino junta at Hongkong, has issued a proclamation, dated July 16, copies of which arrived here, giving assurance to the natives of continuation of an active campaign and expressing hope for its successful issue. The proclamation, of which 5,000 copies have been printed, purports to emanate from Batangas. It is a characteristic Filipino document, charging the Americans with all sorts of atrocities. It recounts the losses of guns and ammunition and the death of four distinguished American officers July 10, all of which, it says, the authorities concealed. The proclamation threatens General Cailles with death for treachery and warns all Filipinos who surrender that they will never be able to live outside the American lines. Malvar claims he has sufficient arms and supplies to continue the fighting indefinitely.

FORTY PER CENT

Has Been Declared in Dividends This Year.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. New York, Aug. 6.—At a meeting of the directors of the Standard Oil company of New Jersey, today, a dividend of 8 per cent was declared. This dividend brings the amount declared so far this year, to 40 per cent, with one more declaration to be made.

GRAIN MARKET.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Chicago, Aug. 6.—Closing September wheat 79 1-8; corn 56 1/2; oats 34 1/2; pork 13.97.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Chicago, Aug. 6.—Cattle 400, steady; hogs 19,000, 5 and 10 cents lower; sheep 8,000, steady.

BLOCK

Of Six Buildings Wrecked

And the Lives

Of a Number of Inmates Snuffed Out.

Terrific Explosion in a Tenement District in Philadelphia.

From Fifteen to Twenty Victims are Dead and the Number of Injured Estimated at Seventy-five.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Philadelphia, Aug. 6.—Up to 9 o'clock this morning it was impossible to accurately enumerate the number of casualties in last night's explosion, but the list of dead is estimated from 15 to 23 persons and the injured at more than 75. Many bodies are still under the smoldering debris of the wrecked houses at Tenth and Locust streets, and until they are all recovered the death list cannot be made up. It is thought that the explosion was caused by naphthalene stored in a grocery store at 1012 Locust street. At 9:30 o'clock five bodies had been recovered from the wrecked building.

ONIL ONE BODY

Of Those of the Victims Recovered Has Been Identified.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Philadelphia, Aug. 6.—Only one of the bodies found has been identified. All the victims are of the poorest class of colored people. It is now believed that the explosion was caused by gasoline which leaked into the cellar, spreading fumes to five adjoining buildings and when a spark was touched off went up simultaneously. The property loss will not exceed \$50,000.

FIRE FOLLOWED

The Fearful Explosion But the Flames Were Headed Off.

Philadelphia, Aug. 6.—A fearful explosion in a block of six buildings on Locust street, above Tenth, completely wrecked five of the structures and caused the death of from 10 to 20 or more persons. Over two score of others were more or less seriously injured. Some of these taken to the hospital will die. It is estimated that at least 36 persons were in the five buildings when the explosion occurred. The buildings were occupied as follows: Locust street, No. 1008, Housman's pool and billiard room, 1010, Morris Rosenthal's second-hand clothing store, occupied by Rosenthal, his wife and five children; 1012, William Jones' colored restaurant, occupied by Jones and about 15 boarders; 1014, George McClellmy's grocery store, occupied by McClellmy, clerk and servant girl; 1016, Patrick Quigley's grocery store, occupied by Quigley, his wife, three children and his uncle; 1018, Albert Mounten's grocery and meat store, occupied by Mounten, his mother, sister and clerk.

The explosion occurred about 9:30 o'clock. What exploded and how it happened is not positively known, but it is supposed to have been a barrel of gasoline in one of the three grocery stores. Almost every building in a radius of two blocks about the scene of the explosion had window panes shattered and was otherwise damaged. Every building on the opposite side of Locust street was more or less wrecked, but none of them fell.

A terrible cry went up from the ruins the moment the explosion occurred. Women, children and men, occupants of the wrecked houses, could be seen crawling from the debris, while the agonizing cries of others were heard in the wreckage. From all the surrounding buildings injured people came running and fell into the street unconscious. To add to the horror fire broke out in the debris the moment it settled to the ground, and in less than five minutes the great pile was burning fiercely from end to end. A general alarm was turned in for fire apparatus and ambulances, and in the meantime the work of rescue was voluntarily begun by those in the neighborhood who were not injured. Several lives were saved by this prompt work. When the firemen reached the scene the flames had reached great headway, and were igniting the buildings across the street. The fire, however, was soon under control, and with the exception of a small blaze here and there it was extinguished in a few minutes.

SOUTH POLE

Will be Searched for by This Explorer.

King Edward Started the British Ship Discovery on a Long Cruise Today.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Cowes, Aug. 6.—The British ship discovered by Capt. Scott, of the British navy, started on its long expedition in search of the south pole at noon today. King Edward, who was on board the royal yacht, Osborne, signaled farewell and a happy and prosperous voyage.

AUCTION

Sale of Lawton Lots Has Commenced.

Will be Sold for Cash to the Highest Bidder.

Enormous Crowds are in Attendance at the Sale Which Commenced This Morning Under Contract.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Lawton, O. T., Aug. 6.—The auction sale of lots in the town site of Lawton commenced this morning. J. R. Hampton, commissioner was appointed to sell lots, is faced by solid acres of people. He has a force of interior department clerks to assist him. The first lot sold was the first number in lowest numbered block in the business district. Blocks will be taken in their order and lots disposed of for cash to the highest bidder.

GRIEF

Now Reigns in the Royal House

Over the Bier

Of the Mother of the Emperor.

News from the Castle Followed by the Tolling of Church Bells.

Remarkable Vitality of the Dowager Empress Astonished the Physicians Who were in Attendance.

Cronberg, Aug. 6.—Closely following the announcement from the castle of the death of the Dowager Empress Frederick at 6:15 p. m., Monday, the church bells were tolled and the flags were lowered to half mast. Visitors to the castle began inscribing their names in book placed for the purpose in the hall. The castle grounds are surrounded by soldiers and patrolled by hussars and mounted police.

It is said the cause of death was dropsy accompanying cancer. The remarkable vitality of the dowager empress astonished her physicians. She retained consciousness to the end. Emperor William and other of the immediate royal relatives were in the sick chamber during the day and were present at the final moment.

In her last hours the empress frequently repeated the dying words of her royal consort, "Learn to suffer without complaining."

The announcement of the death of the dowager empress was published in Berlin too late for comment in the evening papers, with the exception of The Freisinnige Zeitung, which recalls her heroic bearing during her husband's last days, "when she silently endured the heartless allusions of the Chauvinistic German press." This journal also praises her "dignified self-acceptance" since the death of Frederick the Noble.

It is taken for granted that the interment will be at Friedenskirche, Potsdam, by the side of Emperor Frederick.

THE WEATHER.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Washington, Aug. 6.—Ohio, showers tonight and probably Wednesday.

NEGRO

Problem in State of Maryland

Will be Dodged

By the Republicans in Convention.

Will Attempt to Eliminate the Question from the Campaign.

The Slogan of the State Campaign Will be Any Old Thing to Defeat the Re-election of Senator Gorman.

Baltimore, Aug. 6.—Republican leaders from all parts of the state are in Baltimore for the state convention. The work before them is the nomination of candidates for state comptroller and clerk of the court of appeals and the formation of a platform. Either Dr. Isaac N. Barber of Talbot county or Herman S. Platt of Baltimore will be selected to head the ticket, with the chances in favor of the latter. The court of appeals clerkship will, in all probability, go to Colonel Thomas S. Parran of Calvert. Messrs. John E. Belt of Prince Georges and John E. Waddell of Dorchester will also be put in nomination. There will be little or no discussion of the provisions of the platform, which are understood to include strong pledges on behalf of the Republicans to repeal the present election law, to enact laws to prevent corrupt practices in connection with elections, and to pass laws to govern the holding of primary elections. One of the planks, it is understood, will contain a severe arraignment of the Democrats for their uncertain stand on the currency question, which is designed as a criticism of former Senator Gorman. The administration of Governor Smith will be denounced, as will also the course of the Democrats in attempting to disfranchise the illiterate voters. But little heed will be paid, however, to the Democratic slogan of "negro domination," it being the purpose of the Republican leaders to eliminate the question from the campaign as much as possible.

But little is said as yet concerning the probable successor to Senator Wellington in the event of Republican success in carrying the legislative ticket. Those most prominently mentioned are Phillips Lee Goldsborough and Congressman Pearre and Mudd. No favorites are being played at this time, however, it being "anything to beat Gorman" with the Republicans. Upon this issue they will make their fight this fall.

VICTIM

Tied to a Bed Post and the House Ransacked.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Plainfield, N. J., Aug. 6.—Six robbers entered the home of Mrs. Mary Denke, tied her to a bed post, gagged her, and then ransacked the place at their leisure. They got \$200 in cash and some jewelry and escaped. Mrs. Denke's plight was discovered an hour after the robbers left.

INSTRUCTIONS

Issued by Attorney General Sheets

To Prosecuting Attorneys of Several Ohio Counties

Direct Them to Proceed Against Straw Board Companies and Distilleries for Polluting Streams.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Columbus, Aug. 6.—Attorney General Sheets today issued a letter of instructions to the prosecuting attorneys of Champaign, Highland and Stark counties, directing them to take steps at once to stop the pollution of streams by strawboard works and distilleries in their respective counties. The prosecuting attorneys are instructed to have the pollution declared a public nuisance.

SWIPED GOLD

From the Shelby Smelting Works Last Night.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. San Francisco, Aug. 6.—A dispatch from Valle Jo says that \$250,000 worth of gold bullion was stolen from the Shelby Smelting Works last night.

CONDOLENCE

Tendered Emperor William by the President.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Washington, Aug. 6.—President McKinley today sent a message to Emperor William on the death of his mother, Empress Frederick, tendering condolences of himself and the American people.

REFUSAL

Of British Minister to Sign Protocol

Prevented the Closing of the Chinese Matter.

No Reason was Assigned by the Englishman for His Refusal. Meeting Has Been Indefinitely Postponed.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Peking, Aug. 6.—The foreign ministers had arranged to sign a protocol today, but Sir Ernest Satow, the British minister yesterday notified his colleagues that Great Britain would be unable to sign it. He gave no reason for the refusal. The meeting of the ministers has been indefinitely postponed.

HEAVY LOSS

Sustained by the Indiana Paper and Pulp Co.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Marion, Ind., Aug. 6.—When the execution of the finishing department, the entire plant of the Indiana Pulp and Paper Co. was destroyed by fire this afternoon. The loss is \$175,000. The fire started in the basement by a neglected torch.

PROCLAMATION

For Labor Day Issued by Governor Nash.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Columbus, Aug. 6.—Governor Nash today issued a proclamation designating Monday, September 3, as Labor Day.

GRADE

Crossings are Tabooed in Illinois.

Must be Built Either Above or Beneath Tracks

That New Lines May Desire to Cross in the Future.—Existing Crossings Not Included in the New Order.

Chicago, Aug. 6.—Hereafter when one railroad wishes to cross the tracks of another it will have to go either above or below them, for the board of railway and warehouse commissioners has decided that there shall be no crossings at grade in the state of Illinois. Existing crossings, however, are not to be molested, at least not for the present. The determination of the board is the result of complications that have arisen in East St. Louis. There the Big Four, Chicago and Alton and Wabash roads are seeking to prevent the C. & P. and St. L. the Wiggins Ferry company and the Troy and Eastern from crossing their tracks. The roads already holding the right of way insist that more crossings at grade would be dangerous and that overhead crossings are impracticable.

WEEK

In the Fields of Petroleum

Brings no News

Of a Startling Nature from Any Source.

Report for the Month of July Shows a Decrease in New York,

But the Present Date Shows a Lively Activity in the Trenton Rock Fields—General News of the Trade.

The record of the last week in oil affairs was of the ordinary stripe. The days pass without any important changes occurring even in the market which seems to have reached another rut out of which it will not move. The price has performed and is performing a service quite superior to that which prevailed before the recent rise. Oil men do not seem to be entirely satisfied, however. They have been on the lookout for another move upward and express some disappointment at its delay.

The appearance of the monthly report of operations showing a decline in new work for the month of July had quite an inspiring effect upon the trade. This is not noticed to any important extent in the western fields, but in the east it certainly has an influence. When the great army of operators becomes extremely active in all parts there is likely to occur some very interesting events. The daily yield is liable to be considerably swollen. Whenever it is, the prospect of an increase in the price always appears dubious.

At the present time field developments are more active, says the Toledo Times, than when the data of the report were gathered. But even with the increase there seems but little hope of increasing the output very much unless some new fields are discovered. Possibly Kentucky and Tennessee may come to the rescue in this direction. There are many eyes looking that way at present. Capital will reach those regions with the opening offered by the establishment of pipe lines. It is hoped that way now, though in limited proportions. But it is not likely that the present year will witness any great movement in field developments. The belt or pool areas have first to be defined. As yet this has not been accomplished except in one instance, viz. Sunny Brook in Wayne county, Kentucky. Much drilling has been done in the county and at other places in the state without favorable results, and history is liable to repeat itself at any time in every state. Except in the case cited, drilling in the two states named has not been profitable. There is a good opportunity for improvement, however, and that may occur now by reason of the fact that the good oil, if it is there, may be found just where the first parties failed to drill. A dry hole is always a good pointer. The man who drills again in its vicinity will naturally move a little to one side. He is, therefore, more apt to hit the spot than his forerunner.

But the conditions prevailing in all fields are in every sense favorable. In July one well was a dry hole. There were 259 of them in both the eastern and western fields in the month. This outcome is not offered as a favorable sign for the producer, except as it bears upon the daily production. Out of 61,676 wells completed, 229 were worthless. This seems like a large percentage. It indicates the uncertainty of the territory now being operated. It is a fact that the great ma-

Dr. Fenner's Blood and Liver Remedy and Nerve Tonic.

CURES

Biliousness, Constipation, Headaches, Dizziness, Old Sores, Erysipelas, Liver Complaint, Skin Eruptions, Scrofula, "Blues," etc.

For sale by Druggists everywhere. 50c a B.

ST. VITUS' DANCE. A sure cure, color with testimonials to M. M. Fennel, Fredonia, N. Y.

ority of the wells drilled everywhere are very small. These are not heard of in the daily reports and when they are mentioned no notice is taken of the matter. But when one of the larger strikes is mentioned every man, woman and child of the region, and many outside of it, hears the news. But this does not alter the fact that a great many wells are being drilled for a small quantity of oil, and without any important increase in the daily yield.

In the east the new districts of Calhoun and Glimmer counties in West Virginia are in a fair way to make up a little lost time in new developments. These counties lie south of Ritchie and Doddridge, and are coming into line as oil producers a right. Wells of the gusher stripe have not yet been discovered, but at the same time they are of a species to indicate the existence of oil in good paying quantity. The great belt, whose trend is the southwest, is therefore, fairly extended into two more counties. It may require much time and a large outlay of labor and money to fully develop the region, but that will in time be forthcoming. It may not be this year, as it requires a much longer time to drill a test well in that region than in these Trenton rock fields. In Calhoun there are 11 wells drilling and half a dozen rigs up. In Glimmer, there are not so many, but still being shipped there for considerable new work and there are three wells drilling. The territory is pretty deep and large pipe has to be used in all of the wells, making it quite expensive to operate.

The well of Imit and Co., recently drilled on the Widow Hayes farm, just north of Friendly, is making 30 barrels from the Horseneck formation. This well is but 350 feet deep, and started off at 50 barrels.

On Richmond run, Wetzel county, the South Penn Oil company has increased No. 3, Wiley farm from 80 barrels a day to 25 barrels an hour by shooting.

The last well completed by the South Penn Oil company in Glimmer county is doing 25 barrels a day. It is situated on the Kirkpatrick farm, Judian Fork.

At Lewisville, Monroe county, O., G. W. Decker has obtained a dry hole on the Dill farm. It was located on a direct line between two producing wells, one of which is located on the Spley farm, and is doing 250 barrels a day.

On the old Mohman, Butler county, Pennsylvania, section the South Penn Oil company has a break well on the Mautland farm. In the Speechy sand below the fourth the well is reported doing 40 barrels.

In the Western Fields.

In the western fields there seems to be increased activity in some localities, while in others new work is not being rushed with great vigor. In the Bowling Green, Wood county, field interest centered last week in the purchase by the Donnelly Oil company of the Hazlet property on the Hughes farm for \$35,000. The price was high for the present yield, but may not be so in the next fifteen days. The property has six wells, but the last one has not been reduced to oil yet. There is an abundance of water and cannot be banded with the two-inch stuff now being used. It will be changed to three-inch early in the week.

The other parts of the field had nothing of significance to offer.

In Hancock county, there is greater bustle at the present time than in any other part of the Ohio fields. In Union township, which but a short time since was considered out of the range of profitable territory, the drill seems to be performing profitable service.

In section 26, Corbin & Co., completed No. 1 on the McClelland farm. On the same day Beauty & Corbin finished their No. 3 on the Rutledge farm. Both wells are said to have shown up nicely. Corbin and the Pennell Bros. have a rig up for No. 2 on the Miller farm, in section 35, and section 24, Corbin and Beauty have started to drill No. 2 on the C. W. Solt farm. Corbin and the Pennell Bros. have a rig up for No. 2 on the Sarah Newcomer lease in Section 35. Sand was tapped Thursday on the Isaac Marshall farm, in section 35, by Corbin and the Pennell Bros. James Corbin has built a rig for No. 2 on the Jake Wagner farm. The well completed a few days ago on the Meyers farm in section 23, by the Pennell Bros., is said to have started off at 100 barrels.

On the Isaac Davis farm in section 3, Marion township, the Ohio Oil company has drilled an old gas well deeper and at 168 feet struck a good pay. The well at that depth filled up and made several good flows. On the Leader farm, in Cass township, the same company is completing a new well that is said to be showing up for a first class producer.

George Whitman has a well in the sand about 100 feet on the Baker farm on the east of the Leader. This is also said to be making a very good showing.

The Bond Bros., of Findlay, have arranged to drill to a depth of 400 feet in

the Trenton on the Peters farm north west of Haamandsburg in Wood county. This will be the first well to go to that depth inside of the producing area. There have been several wells sent to a much greater depth on the outskirts, however.

In the Reservoir.

Around the Mercer county reservoir there is increased activity and the results seem to give general satisfaction. Working the state waters by the use of bathos is a new process, but it is said to be quite a success. Governor George K. Nash has taken a hand in the business and in the future is to be known as one of the talent. He makes a first-class appearance as an oil operator. In fact, it has been suggested that such clothes fit him fully as "quick" as those that the state business furnish.

In the Marion (Ind.) field those who have recently visited there report considerable activity. But one of them relates that it is a field that can exhibit more life and activity with less increase of oil than any other of which he knows anywhere.

Col. Moulton came in from the scene on Friday last and states that an organization of a branch of the Western Oil Men's association has been pretty nearly effected there. Of course, that will not increase the yield nor the "activity," but it merely shows the interest manifested in the business in that quarter. It is said that many of the wells now yield water. This is a forced product, however, as the wells are drilled to an unnecessary depth. Some say the same amount of oil could be obtained without the water.

But business will increase in almost every section of that field with the market hovering around a dollar. It is some distance from that point yet, but the effects of the raise are apparent already and there are none who do not believe in a still further advance.

During the month of July in the eastern fields the various pipe lines shipped 5,144,496 barrels and received 2,743,609 barrels. This shows that the shipments were greater than the runs by the amount of 12,333 barrels per diem.

In the Trenton rock region the position is different slightly. The runs were 51,612 barrels a day, against 44,756 barrels shipped. On the whole the shipments exceeded the runs by 6,018 barrels a day for the entire month, all fields.

The Beaumont Souvenir.

On the 10th of August the Beaumont Enterprise will issue an illustrated oil edition. It will be of great interest to the trade in these parts. Maps showing the field around Spindletop Heights, giving location of the wells. A list of all the oil companies doing business in the state is to be furnished, together with their holdings, wells, pipe lines, storage vaults, refineries, etc.

Two More Gushers.

The Ground Floor Oil Company's well was brought in last week at Spindletop and is reported equal to any of its predecessors. This is gusher No. 17. It is on the Hogg-Swayne lands. The Spindletop Oil company's well also came in and brings the list of gushers up to eighteen.

The Manhattan well is next in line

ELIDA ITEMS.

Earl John and his sister Mamie

spent Sunday with relatives in Delphos.

Miss Myrtle Swisher and Miss Mo-

Elroy, of Belle Center, are visiting friends at this place.

The W. P. M. S. cleared a goodly

sum Saturday evening, notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather and the small crowd that was present.

There was an excellent literary pro-

gram rendered at the M. T. church by the Epworth League last night. All should attend these meetings as they are a help to all.

Mr. Charles Sherrick, who has been

quite sick for some time, is better at this writing.

Mr. Curt Baumgardner, the former

section foreman of this place, has accepted the Delphos section and his place will be filled by a young man by the name of Heller.

Don't forget the date, Thursday,

August 8th. This is the date of the annual meeting of the Pioneer Association to be held in the Crites grove, 1 1/2 miles northeast of Elida. There will be speeches, music, etc., together with all kinds of refreshments. It is understood that warm meals will be served at the lunch stand. All things of a questionable nature will be prohibited from the grounds. Remember there is no admission fee, it is free to all.

Prince Von Hohmhohe is credited

with having held an opinion of the German Emperor that was none too high, and is said to have remarked of him: "His greatest fault is that he thinks there are no limitations to his will."

E. Z. MAUK.

Languid Trotter (excitedly)—Listen

to this whin' th' book sez, 'Weary, an' then pack yer tomahawk an' an' follo' me."

Weary Willie—Where for?

Languid Trotter—We're off fer th' great Sahary desert where they ain't a drop o' water th' year 'round."

Constipation

Headache, biliousness, heartburn, indigestion, and all liver ills are cured by Hood's Pills.

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

LOW RATES FOR HOMESEEKERS

AND SETTLERS.

Via Ohio Central Lines. Low rate round trip homeseeckers' excursion tickets are on sale at all important ticket offices of the Ohio Central lines. Also one-way settlers' tickets at a reduction from the regular one-way rate.

These tickets are on sale the first and third Tuesdays of each month, and agents of the Ohio Central lines will be pleased to furnish full particulars. cod-6wky-tosep.14

A YOUNG LADY'S LIFE SAVED.

At Panama, Columbia, by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

Dr. Chas. H. Utter, a prominent physician of Panama, Columbia, in a recent letter states: "Last March I had as a patient a young lady sixteen years of age, who had a very bad attack of dyspepsia. Everything I prescribed for her proved ineffectual and she was growing worse every hour. Her parents were sure she would die. She had become so weak that she could not turn over in bed. What to do at this critical moment was a study for me, but I thought of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and as a last resort prescribed it. The most wonderful result was effected. Within eight hours she was feeling much better; inside of three days she was upon her feet and at the end of one week was entirely well." For sale by Wm. M. Melville, old post office corner.

EXCURSION RATES TO TOLEDO.

For the trip of the Union Association of Lumber Dealers, concentrating at Toledo, August 16th, Agents of the Ohio Central lines will sell excursion tickets to Toledo and return, selling Friday, August 16th, from all stations in Ohio. Tickets good returning until Sept. 4th, 1901.

You assume no risk when you buy

Chamberlain Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Wm. M. Melville will refund your money if you are not satisfied after using it. It is everywhere admitted to be the most successful remedy in use for bowel complaints and the only one that never fails. It is pleasant safe and reliable. July 4m

A Local Scoop.

"Pa, what is news?"

"Well, Jimmie, real news is what we read in the paper about something that we didn't know had happened right in our own neighborhood."

Wm. Finn, of Lima, O., obtained excellent results from the use of Foley's Kidney Cure. "It relieved my backache and severe pain over the hips. It toned my system new vim and energy. It is an honest and reliable remedy, a sure cure for all kidney diseases."

H. F. Vorkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

EXCURSION RATES TO MT. VERNON.

One fare round trip to Mt. Vernon, Ohio, via Ohio Central Lines, account of State Camp Meeting. Tickets on sale from all points in Ohio, August 9th to 23d, 1901. d&wt

TO HEAL A HURT

Use Banner Salve, the great healer. It's guaranteed for cuts, wounds, sores, piles and all skin diseases. Use no substitute.

H. F. Vorkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

Saved by His Promptness.

"Narrowest escape I ever heard of. He was working on the street car track when a live wire dropped down from overhead and struck his crowbar."

"Didn't it shock him severely?"

"Not a particle. About a millionth part of a second before the wire fell 12 o'clock whistle blew, and he had dropped the crowbar."

Nerves Like a Flat-iron.

A woman who suffered for three years from nervous prostration says two bottles of Lichty's Celery Compound effected a complete cure. She hardly knows today whether she has nerves or not, as she never feels them. It is certainly a wonderful remedy. Sold by W. M. Melville.

Hobo Paradise.

Languid Trotter (excitedly)—Listen to this whin' th' book sez, 'Weary, an' then pack yer tomahawk an' an' follo' me."

Weary Willie—Where for?

Languid Trotter—We're off fer th' great Sahary desert where they ain't a drop o' water th' year 'round."

WESTERN ARID LANDS.

Progress of Irrigation in Reclaiming Arizona Deserts.

DIRECTED BY THE GOVERNMENT.

Increased Value of Lands in Far West Exceeds the Cost of Digging Ditches and Supplying Water—Experiments With Artesian Wells. Cost of Building Ditches.

Irrigation in Arizona has been the subject of an investigation conducted by the government, the results of which are now available, says a special dispatch from Washington to the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. The work was done under the direction of the census bureau and was largely directed by Mr. H. F. Newell, chief hydrographer of the United States geological survey, and Mr. Clarence J. Blomhard. Although the reports are thus far confined to the territory of Arizona, it is expected they will attract general attention in view of the drought in the southwest and the movement for a general irrigation system under the patronage of the government. The report says in part:

"The importance of irrigation is demonstrated by the fact that irrigated land outside of the Indian reservations has an average of 155,336, or 81.4 per cent of the corresponding improved land. The progress of agriculture during the decade ending with 1900 is attributable to the successful application of irrigation to the growing of hay and forage, cereals, vegetables, fruits and other crops.

"Within the ten years from 1890 to 1900 545 miles of canals and ditches were constructed at a cost of \$1,508,409. Out of this total \$512,000 was expended in ditches into which no water had been turned before June 1, 1900. Aside from this amount \$250,000 was represented in canals which were completed within the last few years and would utilize only a small quantity of the water appropriated for them. The acreages under these ditches which in the near future will be brought under cultivation will undoubtedly be much larger than the area now irrigated by all the ditches constructed since 1890.

In 1890 the acres irrigated outside of the reservations numbered 65,821; in 1900 they numbered 155,336. By the opening of new ditches and canals between 1890 and 1900 26,297 acres were added to the irrigated area. By the enlargement of the canals previously constructed and as the result of more intelligent methods of water distribution 92,278 acres were added to the productive area of the territory. The total increase in irrigated land in ten years was 119,515 acres. Most of this land was public domain in 1890. At a low estimate its present average value is \$30 per acre, or \$3,587,250. Irrigation has added this large amount to the farm wealth of the territory.

"The total number of acres of irrigated crops, as given above, is 137,233, while the total number of acres of land irrigated is 155,336. The difference of 48,103 acres represents approximately the area of pasture land irrigated. It is probable that a portion of the area upon which crops were reported as grown without irrigation was really irrigated at some time during the year.

"In addition to surface water obtained from rivers Arizona possesses considerable quantities of ground water, or so-called underflow, with depths varying from 40 to 1,500 feet. Seventy-seven farms were wholly or in part supplied with this ground water by pumping from wells. In this way 974 acres were irrigated. The use of wells to augment the supply of water in the ditches or by pumping the water directly upon the land is becoming more general each year, and in sections where an artesian supply is abundant a considerable area of land above the line of the ditch ultimately will be reclaimed and rendered productive and valuable.

"The ditches furnished with sufficient water supply properly administered are able to increase the cultivable area in nearly that proportion. The average cost of constructing the ditches was about \$2,354 per mile, \$5 per acre of land under ditch and \$24 per acre for the land actually irrigated in the year 1895.

"Not all the investments in irrigation ditches have been profitable, and not all have been wisely made. The disappointments which have followed many notable attempts to reclaim large areas of arid land have nearly always been due to the failure on the part of those concerned to give proper consideration to the subject of water supply. Such failures are reflected in the high average cost of irrigation canals per acre of irrigated land, and the average is made to appear much greater than it actually is. For ditches wisely planned and economically constructed the average cost per irrigated acre does not vary much from the average cost of water rights, \$9.50.

"The average value of arable land under ditch, but not yet prepared for irrigation, is \$7.73 per acre, while that of good irrigated land is \$43.50. The difference, \$35.77, is the average value per acre added by irrigation. There has been a large profit over the cost of ditch construction, \$24 per irrigated acre. This profit would have been much larger and the cost per irrigated acre materially less if the ditches had been constructed only after due consideration of the factors involved."

Poems by James L.

Several hitherto unknown poems by King James I have been discovered in the Bodleian Library at Oxford. They will be edited for the Clarendon Press by Mr. Ralf, a Scotchman.

TO TEXAS IN AUTOMOBILE.

Mr. and Mrs. Decker Leave New York on a Novel Trip.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Decker, two enthusiastic chauffeurs, left the Gilsey House in New York at half past 9 o'clock the other morning en route for Texas, covering every mile of the road in their automobile. They will accomplish the journey, they say, if it takes half a dozen machines, though they do not anticipate the possibility of renewing the machine more than once.

In reality Mr. and Mrs. Decker will travel from town to town, calculating always to reach a lodging place by nightfall and from each city or village will decide how to proceed, says the New York Telegram. It is their theory that the residents of each locality will be able to tell them more of the roads than any mapmaker could possibly know and that they will thus be able to see much more of the country than in any other way.

The adventurers crossed to Jersey City on their way down the coast to Cape May. Then they will go by way of Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Augusta, Ga., and Savannah across a long stretch of southern country in Mobile and New Orleans. Then a direct cut will be made across to Beaumont, Tex., which is the chauffeurs' destination.

Mrs. Decker in the two months she has owned an automobile has traveled 1,300 miles without accident, and she says she has perfect confidence in the ability of her husband and herself to make the long trip successfully. The original cost of the vehicle was \$550, but \$300 has been expended upon it in adding every modern improvement. The original gasoline supply was five gallons, and the machine could be run only 40 miles without reloading, but the fuel capacity has been increased to 17 gallons, which is held in a tank in place of the dashboard, and reloading need be done only once in every 100 miles.

No attempt will be made to create a record, and the automobilists will not hurry. The trip is made in this particular fashion for pleasure alone, and while the travelers have no exact idea of the time it will take they have allowed themselves seven weeks. Their speed will depend upon the condition of the roads and the behavior of the machine, though they are calculating upon covering from 70 to 100 miles a day. They will make no attempt to travel after dark.

AMERICA'S WORKING WOMEN

Organization Perfected and Demands Formulated.

The Working Women of America have elected officers and adopted a wage scale, says a Chicago dispatch to the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. The rules governing the demands are as follows:

Rule 1—Work shall not begin before 6:30 a. m. and shall cease when the evening's duties are washed and put away. Two hours each afternoon and an evening of at least twice a week shall be allowed the domestic for her own refreshments.

Rule 2—There shall be no opposition on the part of the mistress to child labor on the part of the domestic. Entertainment of friends in limited numbers shall not be prohibited, provided the domestic furnishes her own refreshments.

Rule 3—Gentlemen friends shall not be barred from the kitchen or back porch. Members of the family of the house shall not interrupt the conversation when duties are being performed.

Rule 4—Domestics shall be allowed such hours off on Monday as will permit them to visit the largest number of the stores and enjoy on that day the same privileges enjoyed by the mistress and her daughter.

Rule 5—All complaints shall be made to the business meetings of the union. The question of wages shall be settled at time of employment, and no reduction shall be allowed.

Three hundred members belong to the organization. The officers are as follows: President, May Murphy; recording secretary, Stella Wendt; financial secretary, Margaret Kechn; treasurer, Hannah Johnson. This is the scale of union wages of servants: Cooks and housekeepers, \$5 to \$7 a week; general and second girls, \$4 to \$5 a week; young and inexperienced girls, \$3 to \$4 a week.

Housekeepers who were at first inclined to make a jest of the union are now beginning to see that the matter is a serious one. The other night the girls met for business. The officers were elected, but their addresses are kept secret and will not be divulged until the organization is 1,000 strong.

A FIRST AID PACKAGE.

Device of Major Van Hoff to Be Tried in the Army.

Major J. Van R. Hoff, the army medical officer, has designed a first aid package to be carried by the soldier in the field, especially in time of war, where a great many soldiers mislay, lose or throw away the valuable packages which are not to be found when they are most needed.

Major Hoff, according to the Washington Star, recently submitted to the board of ordnance and fortification a pouch fitted with a flap, the whole made of the same webbing as the Mills cartridge belt, to which it is attached and from which it suspends by means of two small wire hooks. Of course the pouch is detachable, and the flap is secured by means of fastenings such as are in common use on the wrists of gloves. The board has allotted \$500 for the purchase of probably 2,000 of these pouches, which will be issued to the army for practical trial.

Novel Lightship.

A novel sort of lightship is to be moored off the Outer Rock, Lsary. It will have no crew and will be worked by the compound gas system, says the Cincinnati Enquirer. Two large gas holders will contain as much gas as will light the lantern for several months. The gas, escaping from the holders to the lantern, will operate the clapper of a bell placed on a deck belfry, and the rocking of the vessel will set a tongue going as well. The Outer Rock marks a particularly dangerous part of the west coast, and the new plan will be submitted to a severe test.

I WEIGH 175 lbs.

Former Weight-135

Gain 40 lbs.

There are people who say that the benefit derived from the use of put-up medicines is imaginary. It is not the case with Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, which makes weak women strong and sick women well. A woman may imagine she's weak, or may fancy she's sick, but her imagination can't add forty pounds to her weight. The positive proof of the curative power of the "Favorite Prescription" is found in the restoration of health which is recorded in face and form, of strength which can be tested and weight which can be registered in pounds and ounces.

The general health of women is so intimately connected with the local health of the womanly organs that when these are diseased the whole body suffers loss. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures womanly diseases. It establishes regularity, stops weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness.

"I am very glad to let other poor sufferers know what Dr. Pierce's medicines have done for me," writes Mrs. Edith H. Graham, of Beedwood, Norfolk Co., Mass. (Box 20.) "You know I wrote to you last summer. I read what your medicine had done for other people, and thought I would try it, and I found it was a great help. I began to feel better, and I took six bottles of your medicine, and three of 'Pell's.' I took your medicine a year when I had a terrible headache, and I had never had any of my three children since I had been with you. I took your medicine and three of 'Pell's.' I had no headache, and I could not eat and I was not able to do anything. I took your Favorite Prescription, and I feel better now. I weigh 175 lbs. now. I was 135 lbs. before I took your medicine."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of 21 cent stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Address: Dr. R. W. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

The herbarium of the natural history museum in Vienna now has over a million dried plants mounted on sheets of paper. It took a century to make this collection, which takes up five rooms.

WOULD HAVE COST HIM HIS LIFE.

Oscar Bowman, Lebanon, Ky., writes: "I have been using Foley's Kidney Cure and take great pleasure in stating it gave me permanent cure of kidney disease which certainly would have cost me my life." Take none but Foley's.

H. F. Vorkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

HAD EXPERIENCE.

Lady—Have you had any experience as a hired girl?

Applicant—Yes, mum. Oh, worked for every family on this shore cepin' you, mum.—Ohio State Journal.

ATTACHMENT.

Charles H. Shappell, Plaintiff, vs. W. E. Reilly, et al., Defendants.

Catharine Burden, et al., Plaintiffs, vs. J. P. Allen,

If You Want to Get the Best

For a little money when buying groceries, you should not fail to call on Smith, where you will find the best Butterine in the city.
Also we sell Gasoline.

JAMES S. SMITH,

...GROCER...

209 North Main Street.

PHONE 127.

Another Special Offer!

We will again make you a set of teeth, using the best material, for the low sum of \$5.00. This offer is for a limited time, so come in and get a contract. Ask your neighbor if we are reliable, and then come in and let us please you.

VITALIZED AIR FOR EXTRACTING.

LUSH & BANNISTER,

DENTISTS

Old Phone 891. OFFICE HOURS:—8 a. m. to 5:30 p. m.
Evenings—7 to 8. Sunday—9 to 12.

5, 6 and 7 Opera House Block, Lima, O.

T. Rheumatic HAS BEEN

SUCCESSFULLY tried by THOUSANDS of rheumatic sufferers, who will testify to the merits of this great remedy. Now is the time, do not delay. Regulates the bowels, gives good appetite. A 5 weeks treatment \$1.00. For sale by Melville Bros. and T. N. Cunningham.

Money to Loan!

At the lowest rates ever offered in Lima. And at the same time you get fraternal protection which guards against the possibility of foreclosure, on account of sickness or disability or out of employment.

CALL AT

302 S. West St., Lima.

George S. Mills

Architect

Teledo and Lima

Charles W. Dawson

Representative

365 Masonic Temple, Lima

MONEY TO LOAN.

We have a large sum of money to loan on city property and improved farm lands at the VERY LOWEST RATE OF INTEREST with the privilege of paying part of all at any interest. Persons wishing CHEAP MONEY and on SHORT NOTICE will find it to their interest to call.

C. B. FOLSON.

Real Estate and Loan Broker, Rooms 2 and 3, Holmes Block.

DR. W. N. BOYER,

Physician and Surgeon.

Special attention given to RECTAL DISEASES AND DISEASES OF WOMEN

ROOMS—29-30, Opera House Block. Take Elevator. Bell Phone 533. 2-Tue Thu Sat 9-10.

Dr. Artemas Blake Gray.

DENTIST.

211-Masonic Building.

LIMA, OHIO.

Lima Telephone No. 399.

54

East Side Public Square, Barber Shop and Bath Rooms.

Hot, cold, shower and vapor baths. Ladies and children hair cutting done to order.

A. G. LUTZ, Prop.

New York Optical Co.

Manufacturing Opticians,

New Black Bldg, Main St., Lima, O.

A Doctor's Examination, a Doctor's Advice WITHOUT CHARGE!

If GLASSES are needed we make them at a very MODERATE COST.

Glasses as low as \$1.00

Gold Glasses \$2 to \$3.50

A specialty Made of Difficult Cases of Astigmatism.

The change of name from the

HOYT OPTICAL CO.

to the

NEW YORK OPTICAL CO.

Does not effect in any way the guarantee held by the 60 or more of our former patrons. Your lenses will be changed free of charge as per agreement.

Respectfully,

NEW YORK OPTICAL CO.

DR. N. F. PENN in charge.

A period of five seconds between a flash of lightning and thunder means that the flash is a mile distant from the observer. Thunder has never been heard over fourteen miles from the flash, though artillery has been heard at 120 miles.

Foley's Honey and Tar

beats lungs and stops the cough.

NEWS

Of the City Across the River.

The Auxiliary

To Division No. 2 of the Hibernians

Will be Instituted by the State President, Miss McKenna, Tonight.

Banquet Will Follow the Installation at Rev. Rupert's Residence
Boys' Brigade of Grace Church in Camp.

Miss Stella McKenna, state president of the Ladies Auxiliary of the Hibernian society, will be in south Lima tonight to organize and institute the recently created branch here. The work will take place at Rev. Father Rupert's residence on south Main street. After the installation, a reception and banquet will be held. The evening promises to be one of pleasure.

Miss Nellie Parrish and Master Lloyd Mell, who have been visiting relatives at West Cairo, returned home today.

A child of John Smith, on Reese avenue is critically ill.

Mrs. H. S. Simons, of south Main street, is very ill.

Last night Mrs. Robert Reese, of south Main street, entertained friends in an informal manner. All present were entirely pleased with the hospitable treatment accorded.

The south Lima Winchester Gun Club had an unusually interesting meeting at their grounds south of town yesterday afternoon. The members with their wives, also a large number of invited friends were present at the shoot which was greatly enjoyed by all present.

The boys brigade of Grace M. E. church, is in camp near McBeth's. They are out for a three day outing which they are greatly enjoying. To-day the camp was visited by a number of ladies who took with them well filled baskets of delicacies which made an elegant picnic dinner.

Mrs. H. A. Simons, of east Kibby street, who has been quite ill the past few days, is much improved.

Bruce Geach has resigned his position at Crossley's on south Main street and will go to Sidney, where he has accepted a more lucrative position.

Mrs. W. A. Soleleather and children are home from Clyde, where they have been the past five weeks on account of the serious illness of Mrs. Soleleather's father, who is now much improved.

Allison Van Horn, of Findlay, is the guest of his brother, J. F. Van Horn, of McPherson avenue.

Miss Mamie Conrath, who has been attending the conservatory of music at Chicago, is home for a visit with relatives in south Lima.

Mrs. C. S. Deering, of Plankinton, S. D., who has been the guest of Mrs. N. M. Southerland on St. Johns avenue, for the past several weeks, left yesterday for her home in Dakota.

C. F. Walkup and bride, who have been attending the Pan-American exposition, returned last night. They are now at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Miller on east Kibby street.

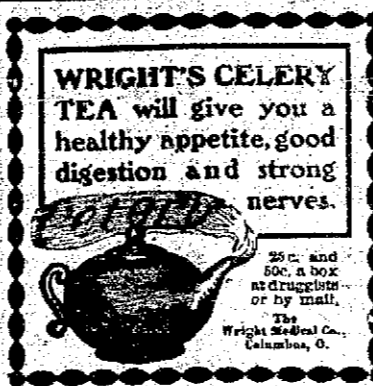
Miss Margaret Crumrine has gone to Toledo and will visit other points of interest in that locality during the two weeks she will be absent.

Frank Estep, of Goshen, Ind., stopped off in south Lima a while yesterday afternoon on his way to Dayton, where he will visit relatives a few weeks.

Sunday being the birthday anniversary of Henry Spittler, residing several miles east of here arrangements were made unknown to him for the due celebration of the event. About noon neighbors and friends began to arrive continuing until quite a large number were present who all assisted in an appropriate observance of the anniversary. Jacob Helser and family of south Lima, were among those who enjoyed the happy affair.

Returning from church Sunday night Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Filbrick, of east Kibby street, were surprised to discover that their house had been entered during their absence, being completely ransacked. Several articles of value were in the rooms but strangely enough were undisturbed.

While playing with some companions on south Main street yesterday afternoon, Frank Clutter met with a peculiar accident. He was holding to a rope by means of which he was



WRIGHT'S CELERY TEA will give you a healthy appetite, good digestion and strong nerves.

25c and 50c a box. Advertisements or by mail, Wright Medical Co., Columbus, O.

elevated quite a height by his playmates pulling upon it. When he was about fifteen feet from the ground, the rope broke precipitating the boy, who falling struck his side against a fence, causing a painful bruise. His left ankle was badly sprained and he will be unable to walk for some time.

W. E. Glenn and family, of McPherson avenue, who were called to Kenton by the death of Mr. Glenn's father, have returned after attending the funeral.

Samuel Pfeiffer, of Kenton, who was here on business, has returned home. John Ewing, having transacted business in this city, has gone to his home at Kenton.

Mrs. William Born is home from a pleasant visit with relatives at Kenton. Friends and relatives of George Gensley, who left here about three weeks ago for Chicago, are much worried because of not hearing from him since he left. His long and unexplained absence is the ground for grave apprehensions and speculations.

Mrs. John A. Dugan, of Kenton, is the guest of Lima friends.

The many local friends of the contracting parties will be interested in the wedding of Miss Anna Panceo, of Kenton, to Charles Russell, of Piqua. The wedding occurred there a few evenings ago. They will make their home in Piqua.

Samuel Hesser, of Toledo, called upon south side friends last night.

A large number of south sliders will be surprised to learn that Dr. Will Shodgrass, of Kenton, was recently married to Miss Nellie Furcison, of that place. Will is a popular young physician, well known to former Kenton residents in south Lima.

Alice the little child of William Bushong, was playing in a grape arbor at her home in south Lima yesterday afternoon when she was stung by some kind of insect. At first no particular attention was paid to the sting, which grew worse until the child's sufferings were intense, her right arm swelling to alarming proportions. Quite a large surface of the arm turned black.

Miss Elizabeth Maddox was summoned to Bellecenter yesterday afternoon on account of the precarious illness of her mother.

H. E. Neeggelson, of Fort Wayne, who has been employed in south Lima for some time, has resigned his position to return to his home where he will recuperate having been in declining health for some time.

Miss Blanch Harris, of Kenton, arrived in this city last night for a few days visit with south side friends.

The official board of the south side church of Christ will have their regular monthly business meeting this evening, Aug. 6th, at 7:30, at the church.

Astounded the Editor.

Editor S. A. Brown, of Benneville, S. C., was once immensely surprised. "Through long suffering from dyspepsia," he writes, "my wife was greatly run down. She had no strength or vigor and suffered great distress from her stomach, but she tried Electric Bitters which helped her at once, and after using four bottles, she is entirely well, can eat anything. It's a grand tonic, and its gentle laxative qualities are splendid for torpid liver." For indigestion, loss of appetite, stomach and liver troubles it's a positive, guaranteed cure. Only 50c at H. F. Vorkamp's drug store.

TO AND FROM DELPHOS.

Miss Mitane and Alfred Oberwagner, of Lima, spent Sunday here.

G. S. McCollough was here over Sunday from Lima, with his family. They are visiting here from Gas City, Ind.

Mrs. Martin Noonan, of Lima, who has been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Lang, of south Clay street, returned home this afternoon.

Mrs. Jacob Conrad, of Lima, is here for a visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Will Rice, of west Fifth street.

H. Goette was a business visitor this morning, in Lima.

H. J. Bergfeld called at the Lima hospital, this morning for a short visit with Jacob Deatrick, who is recovering nicely from an operation.

Delphos Herald.

Having on board more than a ton of reading matter for the Boer prisoners confined on Darrell's Island, the steamer Trinidad is due at Bermuda.

SURETY SUED.

Receivers of Chosen Friends Want to Collect Treasurer's Bond.
Baltimore, Aug. 6.—Cyrus J. Clark and Andrew C. Trippe, receivers of the supreme council of the order of Chosen Friends, brought suit in the court of common pleas against the Fidelity and Deposit company of Maryland asking \$20,000 damages for alleged nonfulfillment of contract. The premium on the bond, amounting to \$14 annually, was duly paid up to the year 1900. In the meantime, the bill says, the order sustained a loss of \$34,000 through Wilson, but the guaranty company has refused to pay over the amount of the bond. The order of Chosen Friends passed into the hands of receivers Dec. 31, 1900.

Federal Judge in the Tolls.
Seattle, Wash., Aug. 6.—The Teller News of July 18, received here, says: "Judge E. G. Rogon, judge of the United States court, has been indicted by the federal grand jury and arrested for alleged misuse of government money. It is charged that the judge used government money for the purchase of supplies and a building which he claimed was for government use. He claims to have made arrangements whereby the government is amply protected from loss and that the matter should be and would have been settled by a civil suit, if it had not been for the activity of his enemies."

Teddy Chasing Coyotes.
Colorado Springs, Aug. 6.—Vice President Theodore Roosevelt left here for a three days' coyote chase in vicinity of Fountain, 18 miles south of this city. He was accompanied by R. B. Stewart of this city, Alfred Cowles of New York, a brother-in-law of Mr. Stewart, Lieutenant H. K. Devoreaux, the trooper of Roosevelt's old regiment, John Goff, who piloted the vice president during his lion hunting expedition in Colorado last winter, and Joe Kenyon, who will act as guide during this trip.

Brief but Violent Bout.
Savannah, Ga., Aug. 6.—Jack Daly of Wilmington, Del., and Jack Bennett of Philadelphia met here for 25 rounds. They went three rounds, when Bennett fouled and Daly was given the fight. Previously, however, there were claims that Bennett had been fouled twice, but the referee would not allow them. It was an extremely vicious contest while it lasted.

Carter's Credit Attached.
Savannah, Ga., Aug. 6.—Marion Erwin, special assistant attorney general of the United States, filed in the United States court attachments against all loans and securities in Savannah held by ex-Captain Oberlin M. Carter, engineer United States army. They amount to many thousands of dollars.

Akron Manufacturer Dead.
Akron, O., Aug. 6.—David E. Hill, 76, one of the most prominent manufacturers of sewer pipe in the country, is dead. His interests have been absorbed by the American Sewer Pipe company, of which his son, George R., is vice president.

Slashed His Throat.
Ducynus, O., Aug. 6.—Dependent over bad health, A. Guinther, 60, and wealthy resident of Polk township, committed suicide. He used a meat knife to cut his throat.

Dependent Man's Deed.
Evansville, Ind., Aug. 6.—William Lang of Panna, Ind., committed suicide by throwing himself into the Ohio river. He was dependent.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Prices For Aug. 5.
CLEVELAND.—Cattle: Good to choice dry fed steers, 1200 lbs. and upwards, \$3.75; good to choice dry fed, 1000 to 1200 lbs., \$3.60; good to choice, 800 to 1000 lbs., \$3.50; good to choice, 600 to 800 lbs., \$3.40; good to choice, 400 to 600 lbs., \$3.30; good to choice, 200 to 400 lbs., \$3.20; good to choice, 100 to 200 lbs., \$3.10; good to choice, 50 to 100 lbs., \$3.00; good to choice, 25 to 50 lbs., \$2.90; good to choice, 10 to 25 lbs., \$2.80; good to choice, 5 to 10 lbs., \$2.70; good to choice, 2 to 5 lbs., \$2.60; good to choice, 1 to 2 lbs., \$2.50; good to choice, 1/2 to 1 lb., \$2.40; good to choice, 1/4 to 1/2 lb., \$2.30; good to choice, 1/8 to 1/4 lb., \$2.20; good to choice, 1/16 to 1/8 lb., \$2.10; good to choice, 1/32 to 1/16 lb., \$2.00; good to choice, 1/64 to 1/32 lb., \$1.90; good to choice, 1/128 to 1/64 lb., \$1.80; good to choice, 1/256 to 1/128 lb., \$1.70; good to choice, 1/512 to 1/256 lb., \$1.60; good to choice, 1/1024 to 1/512 lb., \$1.50; good to choice, 1/2048 to 1/1024 lb., \$1.40; good to choice, 1/4096 to 1/2048 lb., \$1.30; good to choice, 1/8192 to 1/4096 lb., \$1.20; good to choice, 1/16384 to 1/8192 lb., \$1.10; good to choice, 1/32768 to 1/16384 lb., \$1.00; good to choice, 1/65536 to 1/32768 lb., \$0.90; good to choice, 1/131072 to 1/65536 lb., \$0.80; good to choice, 1/262144 to 1/131072 lb., \$0.70; good to choice, 1/524288 to 1/262144 lb., \$0.60; good to choice, 1/1048576 to 1/524288 lb., \$0.50; good to choice, 1/2097152 to 1/1048576 lb., \$0.40; good to choice, 1/4194304 to 1/2097152 lb., \$0.30; good to choice, 1/8388608 to 1/4194304 lb., \$0.20; good to choice, 1/16777216 to 1/8388608 lb., \$0.10; good to choice, 1/33554432 to 1/16777216 lb., \$0.05; good to choice, 1/67108864 to 1/33554432 lb., \$0.025; good to choice, 1/134217728 to 1/67108864 lb., \$0.0125; good to choice, 1/268435456 to 1/134217728 lb., \$0.00625; good to choice, 1/536870912 to 1/268435456 lb., \$0.003125; good to choice, 1/1073741824 to 1/536870912 lb., \$0.0015625; good to choice, 1/2147483648 to 1/1073741824 lb., \$0.00078125; good to choice, 1/4294967296 to 1/2147483648 lb., \$0.000390625; good to choice, 1/8589934592 to 1/4294967296 lb., \$0.0001953125; good to choice, 1/17179869184 to 1/8589934592 lb., \$0.00009765625; good to choice, 1/34359738368 to 1/17179869184 lb., \$0.000048828125; good to choice, 1/68719476736 to 1/34359738368 lb., \$0.0000244140625; good to choice, 1/137438953472 to 1/68719476736 lb., \$0.00001220703125; good to choice, 1/274877907344 to 1/137438953472 lb., \$0.000006103515625; good to choice, 1/549755814688 to 1/274877907344 lb., \$0.0000030517578125; good to choice, 1/1099511629376 to 1/549755814688 lb., \$0.00000152587890625; good to choice, 1/2199023258752 to 1/1099511629376 lb., \$0.000000762939453125; good to choice, 1/4398046517504 to 1/2199023258752 lb., \$0.0000003814697265625; good to choice, 1/8796093035008 to 1/4398046517504 lb., \$0.00000019073486328125; good to choice, 1/17592186070016 to 1/8796093035008 lb., \$0.000000095367431640625; good to choice, 1/35184372140032 to 1/17592186070016 lb., \$0.0000000476837158203125; good to choice, 1/70368744280064 to 1/35184372140032 lb., \$0.00000002384185791015625; good to choice, 1/140737488560128 to 1/70368744280064 lb., \$0.000000011920928955078125; good to choice, 1/281474977120256 to 1/140737488560128 lb., \$0.0000000059604644775390625; good to choice, 1/562949954240512 to 1/281474977120256 lb., \$0.00000000298023223876953125; good to choice, 1/1125899908481024 to 1/562949954240512 lb., \$0.000000001490116119384765625; good to choice, 1/2251799816962048 to 1/1125899908481024 lb., \$0.0000000007450580596923828125; good to choice, 1/4503599633924096 to 1/2251799816962048 lb., \$0.00000000037252902984619140625; good to choice, 1/9007199267848192 to 1/4503599633924096 lb., \$0.000000000186264514923095703125; good to choice, 1/18014398535696384 to 1/9007199267848192 lb., \$0.0000000000931322574615478515625; good to choice, 1/36028797071392768 to 1/18014398535696384 lb., \$0.00000000004656612873077392578125; good to choice, 1/72057594142785536 to 1/36028797071392768 lb., \$0.000000000023283064365386962890625; good to choice, 1/144115188285571072 to 1/72057594142785536 lb., \$0.000000000011641532182693484619140625; good to choice, 1/288230376571142144 to 1/144115188285571072 lb., \$0.0000000000058207660913467423095703125; good to choice, 1/576460753142284288 to 1/288230376571142144 lb., \$0.00000000000291038304567337115478515625; good to choice, 1/1152921506284568576 to 1/576460753142284288 lb., \$0.00000000000145519152283668557692578125; good to choice, 1/2305843012569137152 to 1/1152921506284568576 lb., \$0.0000000000007275957614183427884619140625; good to choice, 1/4611686025138274304 to 1/2305843012569137152 lb., \$0.00000000000036379788070917139423095703125; good to choice, 1/9223372050276548608 to 1/4611686025138274304 lb., \$0.000000000000181898940354585697115478515625; good to choice, 1/18446744100553097216 to 1/9223372050276548608 lb., \$0.000000000000090949470177292848557692578125; good to choice, 1/36893488201106194432 to 1/18446744100553097216 lb., \$0.00000000000004547473508864642427884619140625; good to choice, 1/73786976402212388864 to 1/36893488201106194432 lb., \$0.000000000000022737367544323212139423095703125; good to choice, 1/14757395280442477728 to 1/73786976402212388864 lb., \$0.0000000000000113686837721616060597115478515625; good to choice, 1/29514790560884955456 to 1/14757395280442477728 lb., \$0.00000000000000568434188608030302984619140625; good to choice, 1/59029581121769910912 to 1/29514790560884955456 lb., \$0.000000000000002842170943040151514923095703125; good to choice, 1/118059162243539821824 to 1/59029581121769910912 lb., \$0.0000000000000014210854715200757574619140625; good to choice, 1/236118324487079643648 to 1/118059162243539821824 lb., \$0.00000000000000071054273576003787873095703125; good to choice, 1/472236648974159287296 to 1/236118324487079643648 lb., \$0.000000000000000355271367880018939365478515625; good to choice, 1/944473297948318574592 to 1/472236648974159287296 lb., \$0.0000000000000001776356839400094696827392578125; good to choice, 1/1888946555896637149184 to 1/94447

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

Organ of the Democracy of Lima and Allen County.

Issued Every Evening Except Sunday.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBL. CO.

OFFICE—TIMES BUILDING,
No. 221 North Main Street, Lima, O.
TELEPHONE CALL, No. 84.

1901 AUGUST 1901

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Governor.
JAMES KILBOURNE,
of Franklin County.

For Lieutenant Governor.
ANTHONY HOWELLS,
of Stark County.

For Clerk of Supreme Court.
HARRY YOUNG,
of Cuyahoga County.

For Attorney General.
M. B. MCCARTHY,
of Lucas County.

For Member Board Public Works.
JAMES G. HOLMAN,
of Brown County.

For Judge of Supreme Court.
JOSEPH HIDE,
of Fayette County.

For State Treasurer.
R. F. ALESHIRE,
of Gallia County.

For State Senators.
STEPHEN D. CRITES,
of Allen County.
WM. E. DECKER,
of Paulding County.

For Representative.
JOHN W. MANGES,
of Adams County.

For Sheriff.
EUGENE J. BARR,
of Adams County.

For Treasurer.
JAMES W. GENSEL,
of Adams County.

For County Commissioner.
ALBERT HEFFNER,
of Adams County.

For Coroner.
DR. ANDREW BICE,
of Adams County.

For Infirmary Director.
W. E. GRUBB,
of Adams County.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT RECEIVES BY WIRE THE TELEGRAPHIC AND CABLE SERVICE OF THE SCRIPPS-McRAE PRESS ASSOCIATION.

It seems to be extremely difficult for British official authority to understand the "no surrender" policy of the Transvaal Boers. Years hence when the knowledge that the empire has taken up an endless war shall be borne in upon Parliament and people, the dominant chorus of British approbation for the official instigators of South African conquest may drop to a minor key; but the major note of triumph still ascends, majestic and unwearying. Downing street learns nothing; forgets nothing.

The eight or ten alleged Ohio Democrats (headed by George A. Groot) who resolved themselves into a new Democratic party the other day are likely to be left without any candidate. The nominees for the governorship and attorney generalship have already declined, and no acceptances have been made public. A party without candidates will be no worse off, however, than candidates without a party, and it is this feeling that is doubtless responsible for the declinations. It will be humiliating, of course, for Chairman Groot and his half dozen associates to be compelled to take to the political woods for lack of candidates of their own way of thinking, but no more so than it would be for the candidates who have been honored by the Groot indecision to find themselves in the list of the scattering when the votes should be counted. The Groot nominees have declined to undergo this humiliating experience at all, and Groot will have to find new candidates or forego his present intention of making the regular Ohio Democracy look like the proverbial thirty cents.—Phila. Record.

Since the settlement of the anthracite coal miners' strike last year the price of this necessity of living has been advanced forty cents a ton. Another advance of ten cents is to be made on September 1 next—fifty cents per ton in all. The increase has been exacted from dealers, who in turn charge it off upon consumers—with an additional slice of profit, in most cases, for themselves. Thus the combination which controls the anthracite output has been enabled not only to make the public pay the ten per cent. advance in miners' wages, but also an undetermined amounting, on the basis of an annual production of 50,000,000 tons, to not less than \$20,000,000 a year. The only possible limit to this sort of extortion is the point at which consumers of anthracite would be driven generally to the use of cheap and nasty soft coal—a stage already reached in Philadelphia and other industrial centers by many large manufacturing plants. The chief burden falls upon individual householders, who are powerless either to resist the monopoly or to escape from its clutches.

"Within sixty days it will be possible to go from Pittsburgh to Detroit by trolley, by way of Cleveland and Toledo, over roads under a single management, and at a cent a mile," says the Indianapolis News. "This announcement is an indication that the long-distance trolley is being so developed, both as to length of line, as to speed and as to carrying capacity for passengers and freight, as to become a factor in general transportation and to be reckoned with as a serious competitor of the steam roads. Cleveland, within recent years, has become the heart of a network of suburban or interurban roads which reach most if not all of the important towns within a radius of fifty miles. These roads furnish the nucleus of this new system. Last spring this system placed contracts for rails sufficient to build 500 miles of track, and ordered motors with a guaranteed speed of sixty-five miles an hour and power to climb 9 per cent grades. These motors were ordered for the line between Detroit and Toledo, and here will come serious rivalry with the steam roads. It should be plain to the simplest comprehension that we are on the eve of a development in electric transportation such as we have never seen. While it calls for prudence and careful management, it also demands an intelligent and liberal appreciation, particularly in the beginning, that will give such encouragement as shall develop the system in its utmost possibility. The cities that are quickest to see the advantages of this new situation and to encourage the development will be those that will profit most."

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

Anyone having a few hundred dollars to invest where it will bring good returns should investigate the advantages offered in the lots being sold in the new Lakewood addition. Lots are being sold at \$250.00 to \$400.00, one-third cash, one-third in one year, one-third in two years. This property will certainly increase in value very rapidly, as it is in the most desirable part of the city. For further particulars see F. R. Harman or W. F. Numan of the soliciting committee.—53-54

Streetcar Strike.

Lexington Ky., Aug. 6.—At 6 p. m. Monday the conductors and motormen of the Lexington Street Railway company declined to return to work and a strike, considered during the day, went into effect. Saturday the union demanded an increase of 1 cent per hour. The demand was refused, and the company declared that it would not treat with the men except as individuals, it having refused to recognize the union. The company announced that all men who by 6 p. m. would not sign an agreement not to tie up the business of the company and to return to work at the old scale could not return. The union refused to sign the agreement. There are 75 men affected. All cars are being run by non-union men.

Collier's Strange Will.

Janesville, Wis., Aug. 6.—Frank Howard Collier, the Chicago lawyer who died Saturday, visited Janesville at various times during the last few years. While his room at a hotel was being overhauled a day or so ago an old memorandum book was found, which contained, besides some entries of fees and a lot of railway cash fare slips, a will. It was written on the back page of the book and was duly dated, signed and witnessed. The will provides for the disposal of his head, brains and body to different medical institutions, and his personal effects are willed to many notable Chicagoans, all mentioned by name.

Stock Barn Burned.

Dayton, O., Aug. 6.—A large barn at the meat packing establishment of William Focke's Sons, with several head of hogs, grain, hides, etc., was consumed by fire. Loss \$10,000, covered by insurance.

WILL PROTECT TRUSTS

Republican Party Won't Legislate Against Them.

THE TARIFF TO BE PERPETUATED.

Leaders Hold That Any Attempt to Open Up the Tariff Question Would Cause Unrest—Say Trusts Are Evil, but There Is No Remedy—Democratic Position Reverse of This.

That the Republican party does not intend to legislate against the trusts, however much individual members may proclaim that it is necessary, is shown by the evidence of Hon. Robert Taylor, member of congress from the Eighteenth Ohio district, given before the industrial commission. In his opening remarks he declared that any attempt to take the tariff off even trust-made goods would be bad in its effects. The tariff principle, he said, should not be abandoned.

As a general proposition Mr. Taylor announced himself as opposed to trusts. "I am one of those," he said, "who have not been able to bring themselves in harmony with the idea that the trusts are good things."

The trusts, he declared, put too much power in the hands of a few men.

Speaking of dealing with trusts, he said he knew of no remedy for that evil if it is an evil. Publicity might be a good thing, but it would be a mere scratch on the surface. He knew that a trust has power to reduce the price of an article, but he did not think the public would get much benefit from that. In order to pay dividends on securities of the United States Steel company that company would have to extract a great deal from the public.

The witness said that apart from any other question he thought that it would be exceedingly unfortunate to introduce any elements of unrest in the country by discussing the tariff in congress or opening up the tariff for any reason.

Now, Taylor is chairman of election committee No. 1, and was selected as such because he could be relied on to do the bidding of those who rule congress, and being a friend and follower of the administration, his evidence makes it certain that there is "no remedy for the evil," as far as the Republicans intend to discover one, and that even to discuss the revising of the tariff "is to introduce elements of unrest in the country."

If Mr. Taylor represents the Republican policy on the trusts and the tariff, nothing will be done to abate the evils. He admits there is robbery being committed when he says the steel trust will "have to extract a great deal from the public," but he and the large majority of protection Republicans intend to sit still and see the steel trust and the other combines "extract a great deal from the public." A very cool proceeding on the part of those who have been selected as servants of the people to protect their interests.

The Democratic position is entirely the reverse of this. They believe that there is a remedy to prevent the trusts from carrying out their plan of robbing the people, and that is to revise the tariff by placing trust productions on the free list, except what duties may be necessary for raising revenue for the support of the government—a tariff for revenue.

This will not kill the trusts, but it will allow the world to compete with them by withdrawing the protection that now gives them a monopoly.

The Pendulum Swings Backward.

When the Dingley tariff bill was passed, the Republican protection organs said that protection had come to stay and that nothing could upset it for years to come. Many Democrats lost heart and thought so too. The money question and the war monopolized public attention. The trusts, relying upon Republican domination being continued, increased their combinations and exactions until they became unbearable and the people demanded their suppression. The Democrats pointed out that tariff protection is the main cause of their enormous power. The pendulum swings back again, and the cause of tariff reform is once more to the front as an issue for which we must thank the rapacity of the protected trusts.

Tariff Revision Demanded.

The Home Market club is in a bad way. Being an annex of the Protective tariff league, it has always cried, "Give us the home market, and we care nothing for the world." But now the Republican newspapers and spellbinders, even McKinley himself, are shooting for the world's markets, and the trusts are shouting with glee of their conquest of the markets of the world. The logic of the situation would seem to demand a revision of the tariff to meet the new conditions, but this does not suit the protectionists.

New Power Behind McKinley.

Secretary of War Root and Knox, the trust lawyers, are said to disagree as to the power of the president under the Spooner amendment to the army bill. The president has sided with Knox, who seems to be the new power behind the throne. Great is Knox, the steel trust lawyer.

Keep an Eye on McKinley.

Perhaps it would be advisable for the American Protective tariff league to keep an eye on Brother McKinley unless they rely on Hanna to keep him in the straight and narrow protection path.

MONOPOLY DENOUNCED.

Model Platform of the Democracy of Ohio.

A DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES.

Public Burdens Must Be Borne Equally by All Classes—Special Privileges to None—Rights of Property Recognized—People Must Be Guarded Against the Encroachments of Wealth.

In Ohio the Democrats, though in the minority, are always ready for the next battle against the monopolies and trusts and the rascalities that follow in their train. At their convention in Cuyahoga county, in which Cleveland is situated, under the lead of Tom Johnson, the reform mayor, the following platform was adopted as the basis of their demands in the coming state convention:

We, the Democrats of Cuyahoga county, in convention assembled, declare our allegiance to the time honored principles of the party.

In approaching a campaign in which national issues are not involved we restrict our declaration of principles to matters of state and local concern.

The most important question before the people is the growth of public service corporations and their absorption of privileges from the public, which are used by them without public accounting or supervision and, in large part, without adequate return to the people.

For the purpose of conserving the rights of private property, both individual and corporate, and at the same time protecting the interests of the whole people from the encroachments of great aggregations of capital enjoying monopolistic privileges without accountability to the people and based upon public grants, and for the equalizing among all classes of citizens of the public burdens necessary to be borne, we demand:

First.—That all property shall be appraised by assessing boards whose members shall be in session for at least a part of each year, whose proceedings and deliberations shall be open to the public, that power be given to employ a representative to present the interests of the public in hearings before these boards and that in making assessments all properties shall be appraised at not less than their salable value.

Second.—That the present laws for assessing the property of steam railroads be so changed that these properties shall be assessed at not less than their salable value as going concerns and that the present evasion of just taxation by the railroad companies be prevented.

Third.—That the acceptance of free passes or other favors from railroads by public officers or employees shall be adequate ground for vacating the offices held by them.

Fourth.—That all public service corporations be required by law to make sworn public reports and that the power of visitation and public report over such corporations be given to the proper state and local auditing officers to the end that the true value of the privileges held by them may be made plain to the people.

Fifth.—That fraud in party primaries, when held under general election law, should be prevented by joint primaries, held at the same time and place and using a single ballot for all parties and be conducted by the officers authorized to conduct general elections and that the provisions governing general elections should apply to primary elections.

Sixth.—That until United States senators can be elected by popular vote nominations for senators be made by state conventions.

Seventh.—That no renewal or extension of time of any street railway or other public service franchise shall be valid until the ordinance providing for it be ratified at a special election called thereafter after its passage by the municipal council.

We call upon all Democratic candidates for the legislature to secure, so far as they can, the enactment of these principles into law, as we believe them necessary for the protection of the rights and interests of all the people.

We instruct our delegates to the state convention to make every effort to secure the embodiment of the foregoing principles in the platform there to be adopted.

Schemes of the Money Trust.

The money power will never be satisfied until it has organized a banking trust that will control all the financial institutions of the country. This project is again being discussed in New York and is said to offer 3 per cent interest on bankers' balances, subject to call, as an inducement to join the trust. With such an institution in existence, with branches in every city and town dictating who shall and who shall not borrow money and even declining the accounts of those who do not act in business or politics to suit the trust, complete financial slavery would result.

The Price of Liberty.

The Declaration of Independence declares that man has natural rights, and this has always been the boast of free America. The Republicans, in cutting off this doctrine, give notice to the world and to all of us that in future to have such rights they must be fought for and won. This changes the old cry of "eternal vigilance is the price of liberty" to "eternal fighting is the only hope for liberty."

SAVED, SAVED BY KNOX.

Attorney General Finally Settles a Great Question.

We are all right, the country is saved, and Attorney General Knox is the man that did it—Knox, the steel trust attorney, now by the grace of the president lifted to a higher and a nobler calling.

What a blessing it is to have Knox, and what a fortunate thing it was when Hanna discovered him! We might still have been depressed and in doubt about the outcome and the president and cabinet with strained eyes and anxious hearts trying to steer the ship of state to the harbor of safety if Knox had not been raised up to save them and the country.

What has Knox done? How did he save us all? He elucidated the decision of the supreme court and gave the cabinet the awesome information that the president could go ahead and govern the universe if he could get it annexed to this glorious country. We are told that in explaining all this and how it could be done Knox did it offhand. It was not necessary for Knox to spend months or a week in making up his side of the case, like the supreme court justices. In a few hours he had considered the opinion of the justices, examined the Spooner amendment and advised the president and cabinet that the former had full power to go ahead and govern the Philippines as he thought fit, levy taxes and tariffs and not have congress "on his hands."

Now, if Knox would only decide that when congress meets it pass a similar resolution to the Spooner amendment applying to the United States, what a heap of bother and expense it would save! Congress could take another long holiday; the president could just sign his name to edicts issued by Knox; no tariff tinkering, no unreasonable speeches, no insidious investigations of Cuban, Porto Rican or Philippine affairs; Hanna would get his ship subsidy steel, and the Republican party would be safe, saved by Knox.

TARIFF REVISION.

Democratic Doctrine Needed to Curb the Trusts.

The Democratic tariff doctrine has always been "tariff for revenue." Sometimes it has swerved further toward free trade by saying "tariff for revenue only," and then once the pendulum swung backward, and incidental protection was added. This was before the era of the trusts and combines.

The last Democratic platform declared the following doctrine: "Tariff laws should be amended by putting the products of trusts upon the free list, to prevent monopoly under the plea of protection."

As soon as the Fifty-seventh congress meets, therefore, a bill must be introduced revising the present tariff on these lines—that is, by placing articles on the free list that are monopolized by the trusts and reforming other schedules to a tariff for revenue basis in a way that will be acceptable to the legitimate business interests.

Such a bill should receive support from those Republicans who really intend to curb the trusts and are not merely luteal on making political capital by pretending to legislate against them.

A Judicial Acrobat.

The acrobatic performance of Judge Brown in the Porto Rican cases is well criticised by the Springfield Republican, which says:

Justice Brown's prominence in the decision is of decidedly comical aspect. Aside from him, the court was evenly divided, with the administration judges a good deal divided among themselves except as to a determination somehow or other to support the political branch of the government. Justice Brown, by agreeing in part with the opposition judges, thus came to write their opinion as far as they agreed and even possibly somewhat farther. Having done this, he strode over to the other side, and by virtue again of being the deciding voice he was there also necessarily pushed to the front and rendered their judgment, with hardly a word of which, aside from the conclusion, any of them agreed. He performed the difficult feat of acting on both sides of the stage and holding the center all the time.

Traitor to Protection.

Here is another traitor to the protective tariff, Hon. W. P. Hepburn of Iowa, who at a dinner in London given to the visiting members of the New York chamber of commerce said, "The chairman of the Republican campaign committee has announced that the tariff will be taken from all so called trust commodities and our ability to produce has so largely outgrown our capacity to consume that the 'open door' is rapidly becoming the shibboleth of America." This is brave talk, but it will take more backbone than most Republicans have shown in the past to refuse to obey the caucus dictation that Hanna and the trusts will bring to bear on them.

Hard to Discover.

The fulsome praise heaped on President McKinley by the members of the cabinet and other government officials for declining a third term three years in advance of its being offered to him shows the toadyism that prevails in the government circles of this imperial era. But where will a candidate be found that is not smirched with the tar brush of the trusts and monopolies?

Not Dead, but Sleeping.

A Republican newspaper asks, "Is the Monroe doctrine dead?" It certainly would appear to be in a very comatose condition and not likely to be re-animated until a Democratic president and congress revive it, probably about March 4, 1905.

FACING AWFUL DEATHS

Hazardous Vocation Of the Lumbermen of the Alsatian Mountains

News comes from Strassburg, in Alsace, Germany, of another cruel accident in the Vogesen mountains by which a shilliteur, missing his footing, was crushed by his sled laden with lumber. The labor of the Alsatian shilliteur, or sledder, is unique, and no other method of lumbering compares with it for drudgery and danger of a most appalling nature.

Almost all the lumbering in the Vogesen mountains is done at great heights, for the best trees grow near the peaks. So steep are the inclines down which the felled lumber must be brought that no mountain torrents are available for transporting it. Owing to the fact that the only paths are winding ones, no shoots can be built to facilitate the work. It has to be done by sheer bodily labor of individuals. These men are called sledders, or shilliteurs. Coarse black bread, salt pork and potatoes form their only fare.

When the shilliteurs reach the scene of their labors, their first task is to build the track for the sleds. This is work demanding experience, talent and great strength. The entire region must be studied minutely and the difficulties measured with an eye that does not make mistakes. The roadway or track must be laid so that it will form a regularly sloping path that the heavy sleds will not need to be pulled and yet will not suddenly get an accelerated motion



BRACING HIS MIGHTY LOAD.

owing to too sudden an incline. Therefore it is necessary often to lay it in all kinds of roundabout ways. Every precipitous place must be avoided. Mountain torrents and chasms must be bridged.

As soon as the line has been laid out the laborers begin with the building of it. Huge trees are laid end to end and spiked together to form the side rails; crosspieces are fastened to them at about the same distance apart from each other as are the rungs of a ladder.

The sleds are made of strong but light wood, as the shilliteurs must carry them up the mountains on their backs after they deliver their loads in the valley. The runners of these sleds are covered with thin layers of wood, which has to be changed frequently, because it takes fire often and chars owing to the heat engendered by the enormous friction.

As these sled roads often are from four to eight miles long, it is essential that as large loads as possible be transported on each trip. Owing to this fact the shilliteurs pile the lumber up in incredible quantities. Then, when the sleds have as much as even a shilliteur dares to pile on them, he braces himself in front of the immense load, a comrade gives the sled a shove, and the huge mass begins to slide. There is no appliance of any kind to act as a brake. All the braking must be done by the man in front, and he needs the strength of an ox to prevent his juggernaut from beginning to race.

Step by step he moves forward, never moving one foot until the other is braced tightly against a rung. Even the least slip means that the vast load will drive down irresistibly on the shilliteur and crush him. Let his knees weaken for an instant, let his heel falter as he feels for the rung, and the ponderous thing behind him is ready to grind him to pieces under it.

There is no chance of escape for the shilliteur. He cannot run down the rude track as fast as the loaded sled behind him. If he fails to hold it back, he is a dead man, for even if he should not be killed outright there is little hope for him, as it is impossible to get medical aid in the Vogesen, and what little rude surgery can be performed by the shilliteurs themselves is not of much use when limbs are torn clean from the body or internal organs are crushed. And these are the common injuries.

Most of the accidents happen so suddenly that the mates of the victim can do nothing to avert them. Shilliteurs have been killed without even having been run over. The load behind them, starting forward suddenly, has actually compressed them so severely that

they succumbed to internal injuries brought on by the terrific strain and by the twisting which their bodies underwent in the effort to hold the load steady. Sometimes sudden turns in the track throw the sled out of balance, and it topples over into the abyss. Usually the shilliteur goes with it, as he is so firmly interlocked with his load in order to guide it safely that he cannot break away in time.

The traveler through the Vogesen will see many black wooden crosses along almost every mountain path and even on the sides of what seem impassable declivities. Each one commemorates a shilliteur who died in the course of his hazardous work.

Mexican Cowboys Lasso a Woman

Three Mexican half breeds came riding into the little town of Corona, that lies about 23 miles south of San Bernardino, Cal., a few days ago. They were cowboys. It was pay day for them, and they were on pleasure bent. They laid in a foundation of hard liquor and then started in to shoot up the town. Galloping wildly from end to end of the street, they flourished their revolvers and fired them in the air. This they varied by unwinding their lariats and whirling them at everything in sight.

Suddenly they saw quietly walking along in the distance two ladies, Mrs. T. F. Drinkwater and Miss Grace Shepherd. With the madness of drunkenness upon them they galloped toward them, whooping and swinging their lariats, and before the ladies had an opportunity to save themselves or indeed were aware of their danger or conscious that they were the objects of the wild onslaught the larriat whistles came slinging toward them. One dropped over the shoulders of Mrs. Drinkwater, but the big hat she was wearing saved her, and she managed to extricate herself before it could be tightened around her.

Miss Shepherd was not so fortunate. The larriat of the half breed Francisco Quevas caught her. As soon as he saw it drop over her head he gave a shout, put spurs to his horse and set off at a gallop, utterly careless of whether he was dragging her to death or not. Fortunately for her the loop did not catch around her neck. It fell over her head and tightened about her knees, and she caught it and held it in such a manner as to protect her head as she was dragged along. For several hundred feet she was dragged and scraped along the rough street until her screams and the indignant cries of the people who saw the outrage so frightened the fellow that he dropped the larriat and galloped away.

This was more than the townspeople could stand. A posse was made up and soon captured the cowboy, Francisco Quevas is now serving two years in San Quentin prison.

Fierce Wild Hogs Tree Hunters

Bernard T. Cannon and B. Allison had an exciting experience with the wild hogs which are numerous in the great marshes of Holland's point, in Anne Arundel county, Md., not long ago. Mr. Cannon tells the story:

"Late in the evening we landed at Fair Haven, and early on the following morning, accompanied by our dogs and provisions enough for two days, we arrived at the Holland point marshes. There was plenty of sport, and the dogs soon struck a trail which led into the pine woods. We followed them, with guns ready to fire at the first appearance of a hog. Suddenly the baying of the dogs changed into a terrific howl, and through an opening in the heavy timber we saw the dogs in their last agonies of death, while over them and all around them was the fiercest bunch of wild hogs I have ever seen. They were of all colors and shades and were grunting and squealing with rage, the froth dripping from their mouths. In a few seconds the dogs were torn to pieces."

"We were there for at least a dozen of them and the majority were old boars, with murderous looking tusks. We thought it a good time to disappear. As we turned one of the boars saw us, and with a grunt which evidently meant the order for a charge, they made for us. Our guns were forgotten in an instant and fell to the ground, while we both scrambled up the nearest tree. We gained the limbs in safety, and the brutes held an excited council of war, with the result that we were kept prisoners up the tree throughout the day."

"At nightfall the whole band moved off, and we ventured down."

"We were there for at least a dozen of them and the majority were old boars, with murderous looking tusks. We thought it a good time to disappear. As we turned one of the boars saw us, and with a grunt which evidently meant the order for a charge, they made for us. Our guns were forgotten in an instant and fell to the ground, while we both scrambled up the nearest tree. We gained the limbs in safety, and the brutes held an excited council of war, with the result that we were kept prisoners up the tree throughout the day."

"At nightfall the whole band moved off, and we ventured down."

"We were there for at least a dozen of them and the majority were old boars, with murderous looking tusks. We thought it a good time to disappear. As we turned one of the boars saw us, and with a grunt which evidently meant the order for a charge, they made for us. Our guns were forgotten in an instant and fell to the ground, while we both scrambled up the nearest tree. We gained the limbs in safety, and the brutes held an excited council of war, with the result that we were kept prisoners up the tree throughout the day."

"At nightfall the whole band moved off, and we ventured down."



A GREAT MAN'S IDEA.

GENIUS, as Ruskin defines it, is simply a superior power of seeing. Have you the genius to see how important an element in the success of your house-keeping is the use of Ivory Soap? Judged by the work it does Ivory is the cheapest soap in America to-day. It is harmless. Embroideries, laces and delicate stuffs should be washed only with Ivory Soap.

LIMA

Switchmen Have a Guest

To Entertain.

First Vice Grand Master Ames Coming

and Will Address a Meeting of Lima Lodge No. 91 Tomorrow Night.

H. & D. Had a Monster Special Carrying 650 Passengers from Findlay to the Soldiers Home Today.

Lima Lodge No. 99, of the Switchmen's Union of North America, will receive a visit tomorrow evening from Leonard Ames, the first vice and master of their order. Switchmen B. E. Jetties, of the C. H. & D., were appointed a committee of one to secure a suitable hall in which a social meeting of the local union may be held tomorrow evening. The meeting will be an open one and the friends of the switchmen will be welcome. Mr. Ames will address the meeting which will probably be held at the Buffalo hall.

A Big Special. The C. H. & D. had a big special from Findlay this morning to the Dayton soldiers' home. Twelve coaches and a baggage car composed the train when it reached here another coach had to be attached to relieve the crowded condition. There were 650 passengers on board when the train pulled into Lima at 9:30. Conductor White, who has been in passenger service for two or three months, has returned to car 38 on the long run. He had been filling the vacancy caused by the long absence of conductor Clifford and after the latter's return filled an on excursion train.

Talk of Injunction. Injunction proceedings have been commenced by the L. E. & W. against the city of Findlay to restrain them from constructing the sanitary sewer at Liberty street. The road runs from pipe laid beneath the tracks instead of the watered-in vitriol leak because they claim the latter would be unsafe but City Engineer White has refused to make the change. The critical point will be reached late afternoon or tomorrow when the injunction work has reached the city. Solicitor Metzler has looked the law in the matter and hardly believes that the injunction talk will materialize.—Findlay Courier.

C. H. & D. Notes. Conductor of the machine shop, Harry Shubert, the machine shop man was in Cincinnati yesterday. Bert Abel and George Taylor, travel machinists were sent to Toledo

yesterday to make some repairs on a switch engine.

The 323 has been sent to the back track for repairs and the 26 has been brought down from the Findlay branch and sent to the round house for some slight fixing.

Leo Souders, assistant foreman in the tin shop, has reported for duty after a two weeks absence.

The 106 has been doing excellent service for many months and will make her first appearance in the shops for repairs for a long time.

The special from Findlay to the Dayton Soldiers Home this morning, was in charge of conductor Durbin, Engineer Rydman and fireman Gamble were in the cab.

Brakeman Green is on passenger run with Nos. 10 and 11 in place of Brookeman Trimmer, who is off duty. Brakeman Shiffer has taken Green's car meanwhile.

Extra passenger brakeman Lent is out doing passenger service for a few days and brakeman Lake has taken car 35.

Conductor Charles T. Wolph is off for a few days and his run has been turned over to conductor Fitzmaurice. Extra brakeman N. A. Perry has relieved brakeman Wilkins for a few days on car 42, the latter being put in charge of brakeman Stevenson, during the latter's absence.

General Notes.

W. R. Bell, a former brakeman on the Pittsburg, but who recently resigned and went to Mexico, was killed in an accident yesterday. The particulars were not given in the message sent to friends at Ft. Wayne.

German Colonial Army. Berlin, Aug. 6.—Referring to the published statement that the imperial government has decided to organize a colonial force with the troops who have left China, using this as a nucleus of a future colonial army, the Freisinnige Zeitung expresses the opinion that such an attempt would lead to a new conflict between the government and the reichstag.

Bergmeier at The Hague. The Hague, Aug. 6.—Colonel F. W. Bergmeier of the St. Paul Volks Zeitung, who was one of those who received the Boer peace delegates in the United States, has arrived at The Hague. It is said his presence here is connected with South African affairs.

Henderson in Berlin. Berlin, Aug. 6.—David B. Henderson, speaker of the United States house of representatives, and Congressman Frederick M. Gillet of Massachusetts are in Berlin.

Want to Cut Wages. Fall River, Mass., Aug. 6.—The paper to be signed by the manufacturers of this city intended to bring about a reduction of 15 per cent. in the wages of print mill operatives, which reduction it was proposed to go into effect Sept. 3, is not being signed. The paper is expected to be passed by the executive committee of the manufacturers' association and there is no means of knowing in what way the work will be carried on. It does not seem possible to secure a wage reduction. With prints selling at 2 1/2 to 3 cents per yard and cotton at 8 1/2 cents per pound, it is said there is no profit to be obtained by the print mills. Labor union men say that should a wage reduction be attempted it would provoke labor troubles.

Treasury Statement. Washington, Aug. 6.—Statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of \$150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption: Available cash balance, \$177,968,272; gold, \$260,084,355.

BILLS

For the July Month Allowed

By the Council.

A Three-Hours' Session Last Night.

No Action Taken Relative to the Street Cleaning Question.

Contractor Wells Reports the Completion of the West Wayne Street Improvement. Other Business.

The city council met in regular session last night and in the absence of president Davis, the chair was occupied by vice president Baumgardner. The following members were present: Shannahan, Linderman, Haegs, McCullough, Jameson, Sherman, Hoyt, Moses and Scully.

Minutes of last meeting were read and approved.

Petition relative to the construction of sidewalks on south Elizabeth street, between Eureka and Kibby streets, was referred to the sidewalk committee.

Epworth M. E. church trustees were granted permission to store building material on Bellefontaine avenue.

Notice that \$25 per month will hereafter be charged by Mrs. C. E. Ohler for rental of work house grounds was read.

Motion was made that the street commissioner be instructed to remove all city property from the work house lot to the market place on south Main street.

Mr. Scully kicked on making a stone pile out of the market place. Mr. Shannahan said the object was not to make a stone pile out of the market place but was simply to store the city's property there temporarily.

Mr. Hoyt thought the stone would be a good thing for the market place. Mr. Haegs said he was not in favor of placing any stone on the market place that had been broken by prisoners. He wanted the place paved.

Mr. Sherman was opposed to the work house at any price. He said the prisoners didn't break enough stone to pay for their board. They usually jump the fence and escape.

The matter was referred to the finance committee.

Petition to have Scott street paved with asphalt was referred back to the petitioners, the solicitor declaring it had not been drawn in accordance with the statutes.

C. H. Wells reported that the paving of the extreme west end of Wayne street had been completed and was ready for inspection. Referred to the engineer and paving committee.

J. T. Taffinger offered to remove Melly house from line of west Elm street for \$175. Accepted.

Proposition of Wm. McComb Jr. to deed a small strip of land for the widening of Elm street between the C. H. & D. right of way and Jackson street providing the city macadamized the street and put up good fences on both side of the thoroughfare, was accepted.

Mayor McComb reported having collected \$32.90 for fines and licenses during July. Filed.

Paving committee recommended the acceptance of the east McKibben street improvement and that M. A. Mulligan be awarded contract for Cole street paving, stone curbing to be used. The recommendations were adopted.

Water works superintendent Hutchinson submitted the following report for July:

Amount on hand	\$8,932.76
Collected	6,677.84
Expended	2,492.56
Balance	\$13,118.10

The finance committee recommended the payment of July bills aggregating as follows:

Bridge fund	\$ 27.68
Fire fund	1,028.53
General fund	1,111.32
Light fund	1,573.82
Police fund	1,035.95
Poor fund	65.89
Sanitary fund	286.43
Sidewalk fund	20.20
Special street fund	13.50
Grand avenue grade fund	172.03
Sewer fund	1,282.94
Street fund	2,089.30
Total	\$8,769.52

Street commissioner was instructed to report full amount of time put in by

city teams on east Market street, so that their work may be charged to the contractor.

Motion to pay Byron Bowers \$3 per day for service as paving inspector, was lost, council requiring a petition from the property owners before establishing the salary at that rate.

Engineer was instructed to narrow Market street to 50 feet between Jackson and Pine streets.

The question of the street cleaning system came up again and was discussed at some length, but no definite action was taken. Mr. Shannahan was not in favor of purchasing the street sweeper that is here on approval and did not think the street cleaning department was the proper place to commence economy.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

Anyone having a few hundred dollars to invest where it will bring good returns should investigate the advantages offered in the lots being sold in the new Lakewood addition. Lots are being sold at \$250.00 to \$400.00, one-third cash, one-third in one year, one-third in two years. This property will certainly increase in value very rapidly, as it is in the most desirable part of the city. For further particulars see F. E. Harman or W. F. Numan of the soliciting committee. 53-5t

FRANCHISE

Granted on Application of Contractor Wells.

According to an item in the Sandusky Chief, the well known contractor, Carl Wells, is interested in the construction of an electric interurban railway, a franchise having been granted Saturday by the commissioners of Wyandot county and Mr. Wells was on the ground Saturday looking after his interests. The franchise begins at the corporation limits of the city and runs north through Belle Vernon to Sycamore and on to Melmore and Tiffin.

Our good papers must be sold quick. We have to many. Our loss, your gain. Heiniger's Bargain Store.

Makes assimilation perfect, healthy blood, firm muscles, strong nerves. Quickens the brain, makes and keeps you well. Great medicine. Rocky Mountain Tea. 25c. Ask your druggist. 43

DIME SOCIETY NOTICE.

All active members of the Dime Society of St. Paul's Lutheran church will kindly attend the meeting to be held in the chapel on Wednesday, August 7, at 7:30 p. m. Important business. PRESIDENT.

TIN HORN

Gambler Tried to Play a Short Change Game,

But the Lad at the Marmon Drug Store was Too Clever for Him—No Arrests Etc., as Usual.

Last evening a well known tin horn gambler who has frequented local resorts during the present regime went into the Marmon drug store and after calling for two five cent cigars tendered the boy who waited on him a \$5 bill. The boy gave him the proper change and then he produced an extra dime and asked to be given a dollar for that amount of change. The boy procured the required dollar and after it had been placed on the counter with the other five dollars the gambler pretending to have changed his mind, asked to be given the \$5 bill for the money of smaller denomination. Then as the boy turned to get the bill, the fellow slipped the extra dollar up his sleeve, leaving only five dollars, including the small change on the counter. The boy, however, was too shrewd to be caught and ordered the "tin-horn" to "come down with the other dollar." Seeing that he was caught, the fellow gave up the dollar and bought another cigar.

The police were notified but "no arrests, etc."

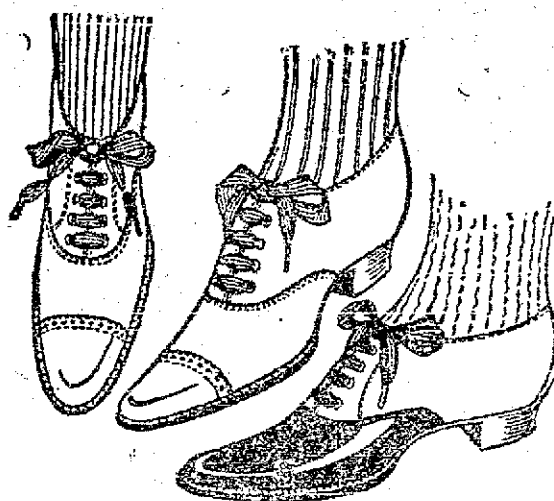
J. U. Heiniger's Bargain Store has too much fine wall paper. Do you want some? A big cut on all good papers in stock now. Southeast corner square. eod

Croup instantly relieved. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Perfectly safe. Never fails. At any drug store.

CUT SALE

—ON ALL—

Men's and Women's Footwear.



All our Ladies' \$4 and \$3.50 Shoes, CUT SALE PRICE \$2.95.
All Ladies' \$3, \$2.50 and \$2 Oxfords, CUT SALE PRICE \$1.75.
All Ladies' \$3 and \$3.25 Shoes, CUT SALE PRICE \$2.45.
Nettleton's \$5.00 Shoes for Men, CUT SALE PRICE \$3.75.
Ralston's \$4 Shoes and Oxfords for men CUT SALE PRICE \$3.45.
Regent's \$3.50 Shoes and Oxfords for men CUT SALE PRICE \$2.95.

MICHAEL'S.

We Do As We Advertise.

PERSONAL.

J. M. Brill, of Cambridge, is visiting his son, G. W. Brill, Hughes avenue.

Regular meeting of the Wimodaughis Circle has been postponed for two weeks.

L. E. Stamets and family, accompanied by a party of others, take their departure tomorrow for Buffalo.

D. A. Herring was among those who left today to visit the Pan-American. Architect C. W. Dawson left this morning for Versailles.

Mrs. L. J. Hanley left for Clyde, O., this afternoon for a few weeks' stay.

Mrs. W. T. Hunter, of Rockford, O., is visiting her sister, Mrs. C. F. Keller, of west Elm street and brother, H. C. Belton, of east Elm street, for a few days.

Misses Pearl and Louise Grafton have returned to their home in Lima after a visit with Mrs. Charles Edwards. Mr. and Mrs. Charles Durbin, of Lima, are the guests of Mrs. Moran, of west Main-Cross street.—Findlay Republican.

B. T. Bogart, of Columbus Grove and John Bogart, of Lima, sons of Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Bogart, accompanied by their wives, were entertained at dinner at the sheriff's residence Sunday.

Miss Pearl Cable is visiting her brother, Davis Cable at Lima.—Van Wert Bulletin.

Henry Sobick, Jr., of north Main street has returned from Ann Arbor, Mich., where he has been taking treatment in a hospital.

Martin Lacy, of Sidney, spent Sunday with his daughter, Mrs. John McKee, of north McDonald street.

R. E. Marshall, of Sidney, spent Sunday with friends in this city.

Thos. Kenney, of Urbana, is in the city.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Feigh, 706 north Main street, a son.

Miss Dana Wright, of Knoxville, Iowa, arrived here today for a couple of weeks visit with her sister, Mrs. Dr. Chas. Collins, of west Market street.

Grand clearance sale of wall papers at Heiniger's Bargain Store. Have to many fine papers. You can now buy ridiculously cheap. eod

COMPARE THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT WITH ANY OTHER LIMA PAPER AND YOU WILL SEE THAT IT CONTAINS THE MOST LOCAL AND TELEGRAPHIC NEWS, AND IT GIVES YOU TO-DAY'S HAPPENINGS TO-DAY.

Have your picnics and outings at McBeth's Park. 123-ft

An English cycling policeman has had the satisfaction of capturing his man at Exmouth after a ride of forty miles.

THIS PAN-AMERICAN SKIRT

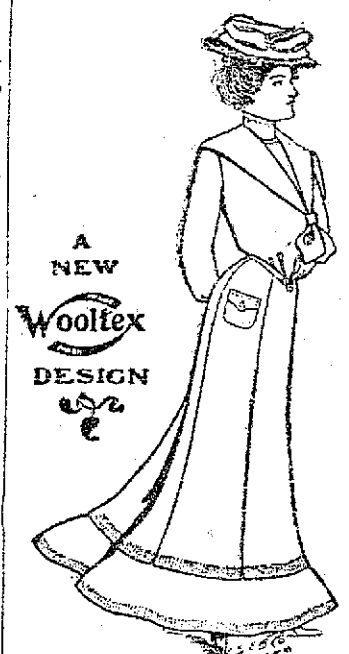
-- AT --

"BLUEM'S"

An Exact Picture. The Latest Style. Every Thread Wool. Will Not Shrink or Sag. Colors Grey, Oxford, Brown, Blue and Black.

PRICE

\$5.75.



—SEE—
HARRY RUMPLE
—FOR—
Bargains in Bicycle Sundries and Repairs.
The \$25.00 WOLF-AMERICAN is the best wheel on the market for the money. I have some high priced wheels at BARGAIN PRICES.

BROMO-PEPSIN

Sparkling, Effervescent, Cooling. No Opium. Prompt in its Action. All Druggists, 10c, 25c and 50c.

WANTED.

WANTED—Fifty young men and women to learn cigar maker's trade; young men between the age of 15 and 17, and young women not under 16 years; must be industrious and willing to apply themselves strictly to their work. Deisel & Wemmer Company. 493-1w

WANTED—Good girl for general housework at once, good wages; apply at once to Mrs. Dr. Sullivan, 905 west North street. 23t

COMPARE THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT WITH ANY OTHER LIMA PAPER AND YOU WILL SEE THAT IT CONTAINS THE MOST LOCAL AND TELEGRAPHIC NEWS, AND IT GIVES YOU TO-DAY'S HAPPENINGS TO-DAY.

Have your picnics and outings at McBeth's Park. 123-ft

The St. Louis Globe-Democrat suggests that the World's Fair there, in 1903, can make a hit by giving a practical illustration of the best system of public bathing facilities.

Wall Paper.

Closing out, it must be sold and we have put the price to move the goods.

How is This?
16 rolls of paper for 10 cents—and a lot of three thousand rolls at 1 cent per roll; this is white back paper. All the goods in the house at half price.
1-inch Molding at 3c and 1c per foot; 1 1/2 inch at 1c and 1 1/2c per foot.
Call early. Do not miss this sale.

OGDEN'S,
126 South Central Avenue

"LIMA'S POPULAR FAMILY RESORT."

McBeth Park
WEEK of Sunday
AUG. 4th

POINTE VAUDEVILLE, twice daily Free.
WESTON and YGER, Eccentric Comedians.
"LOZELLE", A Revelation in Gymnastics.
JOE RONNELL, The Entertainer.
THE POLYSCOPE—With New Pictures.
Band Concerts, Boston, Fishing, Etc.

TAKE ELECTRIC OARS!
Round trip on cars, including admission and all performance free.
20c
Entire Change Each Week.



SKIN TORTURES

And All Forms of Itching
Scaly Humours Instantly
Relieved and Speedily
CURED BY CUTICURA.

Complete Treatment consists of Cuticura Soap, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA Ointment, to instantly allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA Resolvent, to cool and cleanse the blood. A Sore Swell is often sufficient to cause the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, and pimply skin, scalp, and blood humours, when all else fails.

Millions of People use Cuticura Soap, advised by CUTICURA Ointment for beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp, and stopping of dandruff, for softening and whitening the hands, for baby skin and rashes, in baths for soothing irritations and chafes, or for free or adhesive preparation, for many sensitive and delicate persons which suggest best results for women and children, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Sold throughout the world. British Agents: F. M. Melville, Ltd., 10, Abchurch Lane, London, E.C. 4. Sole Agents for the U.S.A.: Wm. M. Melville, 1015 Broadway, New York City.

FARES TO BUFFALO

Over Pennsylvania Lines for Pan-American Exposition.

Excursion tickets to Buffalo for the Pan-American Exposition are now on sale at ticket offices of the Pennsylvania Lines. Fares from Lima are as follows:

Tickets good returning ten days, \$10.30.

Tickets good returning fifteen days, \$12.40.

Season tickets with return limit until October 31st, \$15.40.

Special coach excursion tickets good leaving Buffalo up to midnight of Thursday following date of sale will be sold Tuesday at \$5.55.

Tourist tickets at special fares may also be obtained for trips via Buffalo to resorts in Canada. Such tickets will be good for stop-over at Buffalo to see the Pan-American Exposition, by payment of \$1.00 extra at Buffalo.

For time tables and further information apply to F. M. Melville, ticket agent, Lima, Ohio. d&wt

FOR WHOOPING COUGH.

"Both my children were taken with whooping cough," writes Mrs. O. E. Dutton of Danville, Ill. "A small bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar cured the cough and saved me a doctor's bill." H. F. Vorkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

Emma Calve said in a recent interview in Paris that she had now only one ambition, and that was to become an actress. "I have made a success as a grand opera singer," she is reported as saying. "I am rich, too. But what I now want to be able to do is to move people by acting as I have already done by my singing."

A. H. Davis, Mt. Sterling, Ind., writes: "I was troubled with kidney complaint for about two years, but two \$1 bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure effected a permanent cure." H. F. Vorkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

An Indian sepulcher has been found in Lincoln county, Ontario. It contained upward of 500 skeletons, which are thought to belong to the tribe of Algonquians, or Neutins, allied to the Hurons, and exterminated by the Iroquois in the seventeenth century.

A Cure for Cholera Infantum. "Last May," says Mrs. Curtis Baker, of Bookwater, Ohio, "an infant child of our neighbor was suffering from cholera infantum. The doctor had given up all hopes of recovery. I took a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy to the house, telling them I felt sure it would do good if used according to directions. In two days' time the child had fully recovered, and is now (nearly a year since) a vigorous, healthy girl. I have recommended this Remedy frequently and have never known it to fail in any single instance." For sale by Wm. M. Melville, old post office corner.

LONGEST BRIDGE OF ALL

Facts About Chicago's Movable Single Span Structure.

WITHOUT AN EQUAL IN THE WORLD

Exceeds London Tower Bridge in Length and is Designed to Carry Double as Much Weight—Contains About 1,500 Tons of Steel—Has Splendid Electric Equipment.

To the many things in Chicago which can be spoken of as the highest, longest and grandest has been added the longest movable single span bridge in the world, says the Chicago Post. Work on it has just been completed, and trains of the Chicago Terminal Transfer Railroad company, the Baltimore and Ohio and the Chicago Great Western roads will cross the Chicago river south of Taylor street on the new structure.

Construction of the drainage canal made it necessary to remove the pier of the old bridge south of Taylor street. The necessity for a bridge without a pier presented a condition of affairs new to engineers, and much discussion resulted as to the best plan to follow. After plans for the structure were made it was some time before a construction company was found ready to undertake the work and guarantee its successful operation. Its success is now assured, and Chicago has the longest movable bridge in the world. The Tower bridge in London is next to it, but the Chicago bridge exceeds its length by 75 feet.

The bridge contains in all about 1,500 tons of steel in addition to 700 tons of counterweights. Each moving leaf contains about 2,000,000 pounds, and, aside from having the longest span of any movable bridge ever built, the structure is especially noteworthy in that it is built for the heaviest railroad service, carrying double tracks. The bridge is designed for a load of 10,000 pounds per linear foot of bridge in addition to a concentrated load of 100,000 pounds at any point on the floor of the bridge, thus giving a carrying capacity of more than twice that of the next longest lift bridge in the world, the Tower bridge of London. The latter bridge has a span of 260 feet and is designed only for highway traffic.

In the construction of the substructure in connection with the present work difficulties were encountered in that owing to the narrow channel at the center pier of the present swing bridge it was necessary to construct a cofferdam of a single row of Wakenfield sheeting and to excavate to the depth of 25 feet below city datum, a feat thought by most of the river men of Chicago to be impossible. The substructure of each leaf on either side of the river is built on a foundation of 600 piles 50 feet in length and includes 2,500 yards of Portland cement concrete mixed in the proportion of one part of cement, three parts of sand and six parts of broken stone. The two piers contain 940 cubic yards of first class masonry.

The electric equipment for the bridge includes for its operation two 50 horsepower motors for each leaf. The power is obtained from the electric plant at the Grand Central station, from which point underground cables are laid to the operating houses on the bridge, which houses are connected by submarine cables laid in a trench below the bottom of the river. Each leaf can be controlled from its respective operating house, and the operating devices are also arranged so that both leaves can be controlled and operated by one man from the house on the east bank of the river. For this arrangement one controller has been placed in the west house, while in the house on the east bank two have been installed. Each of the operating houses is fitted with a switchboard, an indicator showing the position of the bridge and operating devices.

SHIPPING LIVE FISH TO JAPAN

Well Boats Used in Carrying Them Across the Pacific.

The exportation of live fish, an industry just in its inception, promises to assume pretentious proportions within another year, says a dispatch from Tacoma, Wash., to the St. Louis Republic.

The increasing demand from Japan and other countries for fresh fish and the good market in all parts of the world are responsible for the innovation. A large Puget sound fish shipper says the day is not far distant when live fish will be sent by the shipload from Pacific coast fisheries to oriental points and other parts of the world. So far as this coast is concerned, the plan is an innovation, but it is said that in England it has long been in practice.

The fish are shipped in "well boats." These have large tanks or wells in which the fish are kept alive until they reach their destination. After being caught they are put in the tanks in the "well boats" and fed on their natural food until they get to the consignee. In this way the buyers get fresh fish in exactly the same condition in which they are taken out of the water.

Goldfish Against Mosquitoes.

People who own water gardens are loath to make use of petroleum in warring against mosquitoes, because this mineral oil is as disastrous to the life of the plants as to the pestiferous insects. A fish culturist, however, declares, according to the Philadelphia Ledger, that goldfish are as effective in destroying mosquitoes as petroleum and that a dozen or two of these pretty fish in a tank full of aquatic plants will effectively keep the water free of larvae.

PORTO RICAN IMPORTS.

United States May Get the Best Coffee Now That Tariff is Off.

The question of Porto Rican imports is now interesting custom house officers. Tobacco, cigars, cigarettes and rum, the standard exports of the island, will be the chief imports subject to the internal revenue tax, says the New York Evening Sun. The custom officers are wondering what other articles subject to the internal revenue tax will be imported.

Porto Rican rum is somewhat of an unknown commodity among local drinkers. Little of it has found its way here, and how much the taking off of the tariff will affect its importation is a question. According to a well known liquor dealer, the rum does not differ materially from Santa Cruz rum and could be substituted for the latter in the making of punches and summer drinks. With no tariff on it, it can be bought much more cheaply than Santa Cruz rum. The internal revenue tax on rum must be paid after the product arrives here.

How far the removal of the tariff will deflect the exported Porto Rican coffee to American ports is an interesting problem. In Porto Rico is grown the finest coffee in the world. Scarcely a pound of the product comes to the United States, most of it being shipped to Austria and sold in Vienna. Such of the product as is not sold in Austria is shipped up in Paris and St. Petersburg. The coffee is the highest priced of all coffees. A man who is versed in coffee lore said in speaking of the prospects of considerable shipments of Porto Rican coffee here that now that the tariff had been lifted he thought such shipments were probable, but that even without a tariff we would have to pay more for the product than for Java and Mocha coffees.

The deputy collector of the port of New York, when asked what he thought would be imported from Porto Rico, replied:

"I think that for some time tobacco, cigars and cigarettes will be the chief imports, with the possible exception of sugar. I'm not so sure about coffee. Porto Rican coffee growers have a fine European market for their crop, and time and experience can only determine whether they will decide to find a new market in our ports. So far as we know only tobacco and its products and liquors will be subject to the internal revenue tax. Whenever articles subject to this tax arrive we shall simply hold them until the internal revenue agents have collected the tax. I am told that they make a very good quality of hats in Porto Rico, and maybe we will get some of them."

A MODEL TENEMENT.

Mammoth Structure For New York to Accommodate 150 Families.

Plans have been filed for what will be the largest and most improved tenement house in the world. This structure will cost \$180,000 and be built by the City and Suburban Homes company on an Avenue A block in New York. The structure is planned in strict accordance with the new tenement law and will be the first of importance to be erected under present conditions, says the New York Evening World. It will occupy a square plot, be six stories high, of semi-detached construction and contain apartments for 180 families.

There will be four main entrances and eight staircases. Each apartment will be in itself a complete private home, in which the occupants will have light, air, ventilation, comfort and privacy. Each apartment consists of an entrance hall, large combination kitchen and dining room, parlor and one or two bedrooms. The larger apartments will have private bathrooms.

Among many features provided for the tenants are gas range, sink and two white enameled washbasins in each kitchen, hot water and steam heat, closets, dressers, shelving and hanging hooks, refrigerator space and pipes to carry off water in each private hall, dumbwaiters and dust chutes, clothes drying frames on the roofs and a complete laundry and steam clothes drying apparatus in the cellar, letter boxes, speaking tubes and electric vestibule door openers, a small storeroom for each tenant in the cellar and general storerooms, workshop, garbage room, boiler room, coal storage and a furnace for burning rubbish.

CENTURA, THE NEW FLOWER

Scotch Thistle and Carnation Crossed With Beautiful Result.

Evon Morton of Mayfair, near Chicago, has a garden full of brand new flowers. Centura is the name which has been given the new flower, says the St. Louis Republic. It was obtained by crossing the Scotch thistle with the carnation, and it partakes of the nature of both parent stocks.

The smooth stalk is that of the carnation, but more hardy. The leaf is that of the thistle. The sharp spikes of the thistle are merely suggested, and the leaf is soft to the touch. In color the centura is white and purple, a pure, lovely delicate white and a delicate lavender tinted purple.

Holds Record For Coaling Warships.

It was learned recently that the ships of the north Atlantic squadron had established another world's record in the matter of coaling ships, says a special from Newport, R. I., to the New York Tribune. Up to the time the squadron visited Pensacola the British armored cruiser Admiraal de Ruyter had held the record by taking on board 203 tons of coal within one hour. The Kearsarge, the Alabama and the Massachusetts each broke this record at the Kearsarge by the following figures: The Kearsarge 210 tons of coal in one hour, the Alabama 222 tons and the Massachusetts the extraordinary amount of 248 tons in one hour.

It Takes a Remedy of Uncommon Merit to Draw the Unqualified Praise of a Successful Practicing Physician.

Dr. J. W. Bates of Corfu, N. Y., states: "A most remarkable case has come under my hands of late and has fully convinced me of the wonderful power of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills over diseases of the nerves."

"A young lady who was treated for over two years for epilepsy by two doctors was given up to die. I found that her sickness was not epilepsy, but nervous troubles, due to mental derangements, and prescribed four of Dr. Chase's Nerve Pills a day, after meals and at bed-time. Since that time she has not had a single bad spell. Her health has rapidly improved, she has gained about 25 pounds in weight, and I do not hesitate to state that Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills have saved her life and restored her to health."

Mrs. Fessenden of Marietta St., St. Clairsville, O., says: "I like Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills and can recommend them to others as a good sound reliable nerve and general tonic. When I got the box of the Pills I was complaining of nervousness, rheumatism, indigestion, and all sorts of usual. The effect of the medicine has been very satisfactory indeed. So marked has been the change towards health and comfort I can conscientiously say they are fine and what they are represented to be. At my advanced age I feel I am getting all the benefit possible."

Mrs. M. J. Hubbard of Railroad Avenue, Sistersville, W. Va., says: "I like Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills. I was nervous, excitable, unable to sleep, I had not taken the medicine long when my nerves were steady and strong—my physical strength and energy back and my sleep sound and natural."

See that the portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase are on every box. Price 50 cents a box—Six boxes for \$2.50. Manufactured by Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Sold by Wm. Melville.

BEST LIKED WHEN BEST KNOWN.

The D. & C. The Coast Line to Mackinac.

Spend your outing on the Great Lakes, visiting Picturesque Mackinac, the hub of the island seas, where cool breezes blow and black bass bite. Send for illustrated pamphlet.

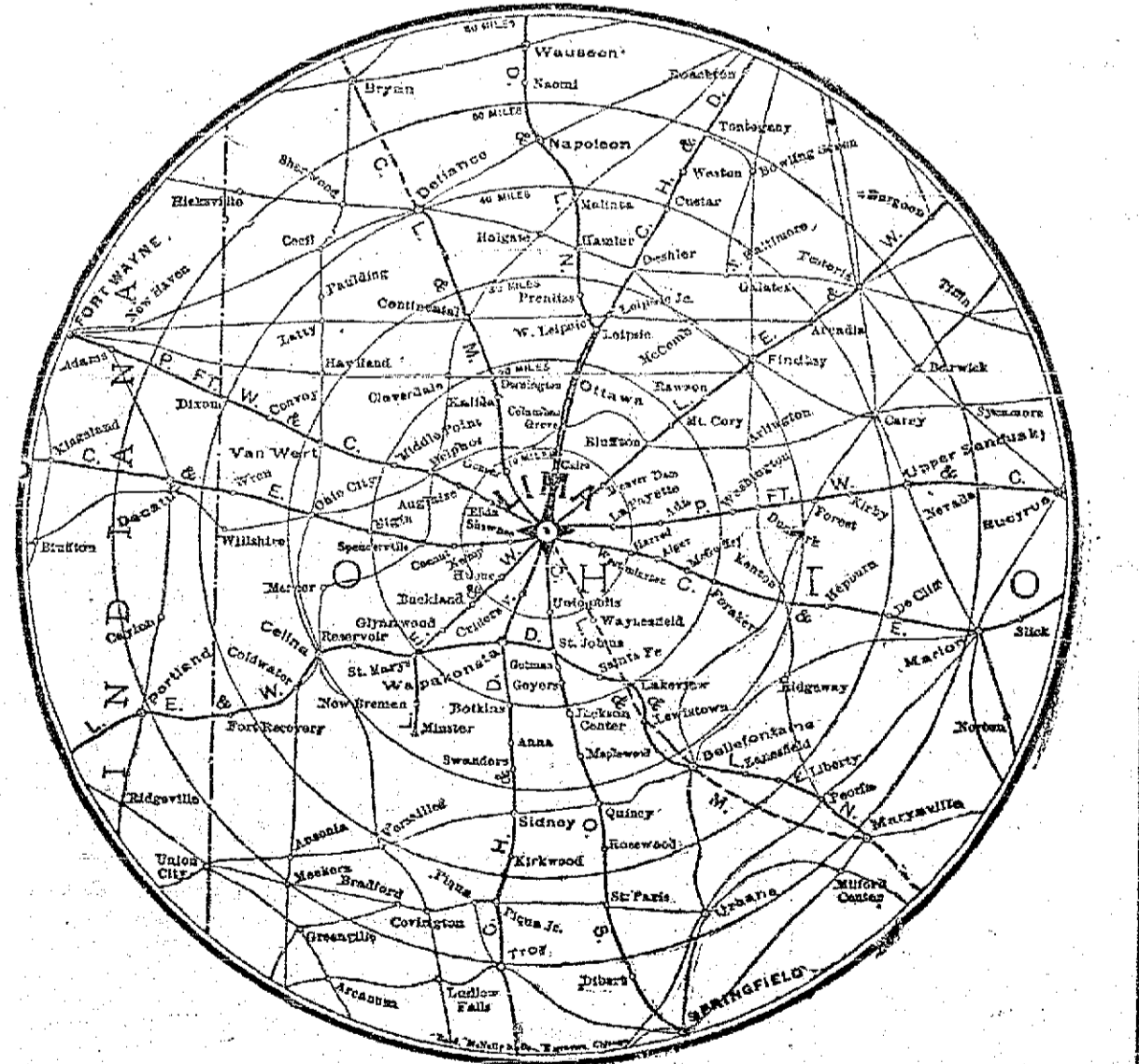
Address

A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. A., Detroit, Mich.

The laws of health require that the bowels move once each day and one of the penalties for violating this law is piles. Keep your bowels regular by taking a dose of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets when necessary and you will never have that severe punishment inflicted upon you. Price 25 cents. For sale by Wm. M. Melville, old post office corner.

Map Showing Railroads and all Stations Within a Radius of Sixty Miles of

LIMA, - OHIO.



WHY LIMA IS A GOOD CITY FOR WHOLESALE BUSINESS.

It is located in Northwestern Ohio, with direct railroad connection with every county in the state, and with every part of the United States. Twenty (20) local freight trains arrive and leave Lima every day except Sunday, Lima being a division point on all lines.

Forty-six (46) passenger trains in and out of Lima every day.

Seventy-five to one hundred through freight trains pass through Lima every day. The following Express Companies handle business out of Lima to all points at one rate: Adams Express Company, American Express Company, National Express Company, Pacific Express Company, Southern Express Company, United States Express Company, Wells-Fargo Express Company.

WHY LIMA IS A GOOD CITY FOR MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES.

It has two direct lines to the Jackson County Coal Fields, and one line to the Heekin Coal Fields. COAL IS CHEAP. It is a direct shipping point to any part of the United States.

It has abundance of natural gas. It has manufactured gas at low cost. It has a good electric light and power plant. It has cheap crude and fuel oil. It has water facilities to meet all needs. It has the best fire department in the state. IT HAS SEVEN RAILROADS. Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railroad; Columbus, Lima & Milwaukee Railway; Detroit and Southern Railway; Erie Railway; Lake Erie and Western Railroad; Ohio Southern Railroad; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railway.

HUMPHREYS' Witch Hazel Oil

THE PILE OINTMENT.

One Application Gives Relief.

It cures Piles or Hemorrhoids—External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching or Burning, Fissures and Fistulas. Relief immediate—cure certain.

It cures Burns and Scalds. The relief instant.

It cures Inflamed or Caked Breasts and Sore Nipples. Invaluable.

It cures Salt Rheum, Tetter, Scurfy Eruptions, Chapped Hairs, Fever Blisters, Sore Lips or Nostrils, Corns, Bunions, Sore and Chafed Feet, Stings of insects, Mosquito Bites and Sunburns.

Three Sizes, 25c., 50c. and \$1.00

Sold by Druggists, or sent pre-paid on receipt of price.

HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., NEW YORK.

Can. William & John St., NEW YORK.

AVOID THE HEAT AND DUST

When You Go East by Traveling via D. & C., the Coast Line.

The new steel passenger steamers leave St. Ignace, Mackinac, Cheboygan and Alpena four times per week for Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland, Buffalo, Pittsburgh, New York, Cincinnati, and all points East, South and Southeast.

A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. A., Detroit, Mich.

\$100 Reward \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is CHOLERA. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. CHOLERA is a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer the \$100,000 reward for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Beware of cheap imitations.

SEASHORE EXCURSIONS.

Atlantic City, Cape May, Ocean City, Sea Island City, Etc., Via Ohio Central Lines.

Agents of the Ohio Central lines will sell seashore excursion tickets, on August 8th and 12th, with return limit of 11 days. For full particulars, rates, routes, etc., call on agents of Ohio Central lines. d&wt

WO RACKS O EXAS

Effective March 10th, 1901

the

FRISCO LINE

Announces the Opening of its

Red River Division

Denison and Sherman,

Texas.

Through Train Service will shortly be established from St. Louis and Kansas City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

BAD

Enough as it Really was

But the Pipe

Smoked by the Gazette Added to the Horror.

An Awful Explosion Spread Death and Destruction at Bowling Green.

Driver and Horses Blown to Atoms, But the Presence of a C. H. & D. Passenger Train was Only Imaginary.

Of all the garbled accounts that were ever printed, the one in the Gazette this morning concerning the explosion at Bowling Green is entitled to the premium. With a black face stringer across the top of the front page the Gazette announces the "miraculous escape of a C. H. & D. passenger train" but it now develops that there wasn't a train with in a mile and a half of the accident nor was there even one headed in that direction.

The Gazette's correspondent, if indeed there was one, evidently wished to crowd in as much sensation as possible, regardless of facts or circumstances, and although he had hours of time to collect every incident connected with the explosion, he gives plenty of evidence that he didn't take the trouble to visit the scene or even inquire diligently into the circumstances. The very train that he so vigorously describes as "halting on the very brink of the chasm and peppered with the fragments of the debris, to the narrow escape of frightened passengers," was standing quietly on the track at Bowling Green ready for its return trip to Tontogany. In fact, the train in question only makes the run as far as Bowling Green, where it is turned about, and the explosion occurred one mile and a half further south. The details of the accident were telephoned to Bowling Green and the passenger train departed a few minutes later for Tontogany, where the conductor wired the affair to the officials in Lima.

AN OFFICIAL REPORT

Wired by Supt. Shoemaker, Who Visited the Scene Yesterday.

The first report of the accident was received by Lima officials shortly after three o'clock yesterday afternoon and Assistant Supt. Shoemaker went to Bowling Green on the first train out of Lima. As soon as he had been over the ground he telephoned the details of the situation, and from his report the following account of the destruction caused is taken:

"We put our track through at one and a half miles south of Bowling Green at 7:15 p. m., and No. 512 got by at that time. The explosion of a wagon load of glycerine killed the driver and two horses; tore down one telegraph pole, two telephone poles, destroyed ten rods of fence, demolished about 150 feet of track; burned a barn; wrecked a house and left a hole in the ground down to bed rock about 20 feet in diameter. The track is safe now for travel at the rate of five miles an hour, but the approach on both sides will have to be filled up, and I have invited the commissioners of the county to do this work. A farmer by the name of Hartman and two ladies, whose names are unknown, say they saw the wagon pass, and that the driver seemed to be asleep with a pipe in his mouth."

SCATTERED

To the Fur Winds Were the Horses and Reckless Driver.

The wagon which figured in the explosion carried about 750 quarts of nitro glycerine for the Hercules Torpedo company from Bradner to the company's magazine, three miles west of the Green, was seen passing the point. An explosion occurred, and the guess of one is as good as that of another as to the cause. The load was in charge of Jack Rodabough, of Bradner, Ohio, who had made this a special business.

Of Jack or his wagon or the team he drove there was nothing left. All were blown to atoms, except a small portion of the fore part of the horses. A few pieces of tire, iron and portions of the wheels were also found in the fields surrounding the scene of the explosion. The hole in the ground was as deep as the solid bed rock would

permit, and this was as clean as an ordinary floor.

In the neighboring houses many windows were broken and the same was true of numerous establishments in Bowling Green. Hunter's jewelry store suffered the destruction of a plate glass window.

Just prior to the explosion, Miss Carrie Mitchell and Dottie Loomis, with little Ellen South, with horse and buggy, drove past the glycerine wagon, and noticed that the driver lay upon his back upon the load as if asleep. They lost no time in making distance between them and the dangerous compound, but found it difficult, owing to the fact that the team hauling it was on a trot. They had gained less than 500 feet, they say, when the shock came. Their horse was knocked down and they were badly shaken up, though neither was injured.

It is, therefore, supposed that Rodabough was asleep and the horses had their own way, and perhaps kept on a trot over the railroad track.

There was not as much of the driver left as would make a finger for an ordinary hand. One man claimed to have found his tongue, or a piece of flesh that resembled that appendage.

A part of one of the horses struck a telephone pole and broke it in two. Twenty rods north of the road the head of one of the horses was found, and about the same distance south the head of the other one was discovered.

The railroad track was parted, and the two rails to the right were twisted and blown back fifty feet, and those to the left likewise, looking toward the east.

The barn of Matthew Munn, 500 feet to the southeast, was fired and burned to the ground. It contained the summer's crop of hay.

The farm house, a small frame structure of great age, standing east of the barn 200 feet, was badly shaken up. The only occupant at the time of the catastrophe was the farmer's wife, Mrs. Abe Teal. She was nearly frightened out of her senses, but was not seriously injured, though she suffered her first knock-down. A shoe off one of the horses was sent through the house and rested on her bed, where it was found by Mr. Teal, who arrived soon after the disturbance.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

Anyone having a few hundred dollars to invest where it will bring good returns should investigate the advantages offered in the lots being sold in the new Lakewood addition. Lots are being sold at \$250.00 to \$400.00, one-third cash, one-third in one year, one-third in two years. This property will certainly increase in value very rapidly, as it is in the most desirable part of the city. For further particulars see F. E. Harman or W. F. Numan of the soliciting committee. 53-5t

TROUSERS

Are the Latest Fad Among Fashionable Horses.

A dispatch from Wapakoneta says: "Hats have been worn by horses in this city for some time, but the latest style in the equine world here is to wear trousers. Tom, a gray horse belonging to Jim Wilson, the popular lumberman, now appears on the street in two pairs of nicely creased, but loose-fitting trousers, of which he seems to be as proud as a little school boy. He has two hip pockets and carries a rule in one and a red handman in the other. With a jaunty hat trimmed in red and jink suspenders Tom has good reason to feel proud. The trousers also have a practical use in that they keep off flies and dirt."

Burdock Blood Bitters gives a man a clear head, an active brain, a strong vigorous body—makes him fit for the battle of life.

ICE CREAM SOCIAL.

Wednesday evening, August 7, at J. C. Finck's residence, 549 south Pine street, for benefit of Endeavors of south side church of Christ. Everybody welcome. Ice cream and cake, 10 cents. 3t

Eczema, scald head, hives, itchiness of the skin of any sort instantly relieved, permanently cured, Doan's Ointment. At any drug store.

THE IDLER.**More Space Wasted.**

Findlay sports are eagerly anticipating a bout between Kid Boop and Ed Young, both in Lima, at North Baldwin, in the near future. Since Biz Mackey made Young look like thirty cents recently, Kid Boop has waxed quiet chummy and says that if Mackey can beat Young, the latter will be duck soup for him.—Findlay Republican.

Dr. Taylor, dentist, Cincinnati block. All work guaranteed. 53-4t

LIFE

Held No Treasures in Store

For This Girl,

Who Had Been Led Into a Life of Shame.

Mrs. Lizzie Lilby Ends Her Life by Swallowing Carbolic Acid.

No Cause Other Than Despondency and Dissipation Assigned—Relatives Located and Notified.

Mrs. Lizzie Lilby, a young woman who had been an inmate of James Boop's place at east North street and Central avenue, for several months, committed suicide last night by swallowing a quantity of carbolic acid. A moment after she had taken the fatal poison, she evidently repented the act and called for help but before medical attention could reach her the drug had performed the work for which it had been taken and the unhappy life could not be saved. Three physicians were hastily called as soon as the fact that the poison had been taken was discovered and they did all that was possible to save the unhappy woman's life, but their effort was fruitless. The drug was swallowed about 8:30 o'clock and an hour later the victim had passed from mortal life.

Had Been Drinking.

The young woman had devoted the afternoon and early part of the evening to dissipation and as the effects of the intoxicants became more apparent, she became more boisterous and despondent alternately, until her condition became such that the bartender at the place refused to sell her any more drinks. She then went to an adjoining resort and asked for a glass of beer but was given only one very small one. She declared that the people at Boop's place had refused to sell her drinks and asked if she could not secure a room at the Michigan House, where she had just been given the drink of beer. Her request was refused and as she left the place she became engaged in a quarrel with the other woman and was struck in the face by the latter. The two

Women Were Separated.

by the proprietor of the Michigan House and as the Lilby woman started to return to Boop's place she declared that all of her friends had "turned her down" and that she would kill herself. She went to her room, locked the door and procuring a small bottle of carbolic acid swallowed the contents. As soon as she began to feel the terrible effects of the drug she became sober and repented the act and called for help, but she was soon beyond the reach of human assistance and death was inevitable.

Coroner Burton was notified soon after death had ensued and he found sufficient evidence of the cause of death without the necessity of a post mortem examination.

Leaves a Husband.

Information obtained by Coroner Burton proves that the woman's maiden name was Lizzie Ball and that her home was formerly at Kokomo, Ind., where she leaves parents a sister and a brother. She was married a few years ago to N. R. Lilby, now of Nevada, Ills., and after they became separated she entered upon a life of shame. She came here from Toledo and had been an inmate of Boop's place nine months.

Telegrams were sent to the deceased's sister, Nora Ball, at Kokomo and to her husband, and Coroner Burton received an answer from the dead woman's brother, John Ball, of Kokomo, who announces that he would come to this city on the first train to take charge of the remains.

GOOD SPEED

Shown by Baron Rupert in a Practice Heat.

Baron Rupert, the green trotting horse which is owned by Jack Ballard and is being trained by L. G. Lerch at the fair grounds, went a mile practice heat in 2:23 3/4, Friday. The first quarter was made in 33.34 and the half in 1:10 1/2.

We, the jury find that the deceased came to his death from heart failure, caused by not taking Rocky Mountain Tea made by Madison Medicine Co. 35c. Ask your druggist. 45

BLUFFTON

And Lima Will Soon be Connected.

The Men Began Work There This Morning.

A Difference Between Allen and Hancock County Farmers in Granting the Right of Way.

The joining of Lima and Findlay by an electric line seems to be near realization, says the Findlay Republican. A force of fifteen men began work yesterday morning at Bluffton, grading for the Western Ohio Railway company for the line that is to be built from Lima to Bluffton this fall. A few days ago the village council of Bluffton granted the company a franchise and the right of way has been entirely secured from that village to Lima, a distance of sixteen miles. Part of the distance the right of way parallels the Lake Erie and Western railway, and part of the way, the highway. This company travels on private ground, however, nearly the whole distance.

The work began this morning at the Riley creek bridge which is near the eastern corporation line of the village, and proceeds through the main street of the village. Ties have been distributed the entire distance and steel is on the ground for three miles of the distance. Nine cars of steel were delivered at Bluffton last week.

The difficulty experienced in getting the right of way in Hancock county is the only thing that stands in the way of the immense extension of the line through Findlay. Little or no difficulty has been experienced with farmers of Allen county, many of whom are anxious to have the electric line pass their door. But the farmers between this city and Bluffton have shown a decided reluctance to say the least.

The building of the road from Lima to Bluffton is an important event. The extension from Bluffton to this city, however, is still more important, and is an event greatly to be desired.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

Anyone having a few hundred dollars to invest where it will bring good returns should investigate the advantages offered in the lots being sold in the new Lakewood addition. Lots are being sold at \$250.00 to \$400.00, one-third cash, one-third in one year, one-third in two years. This property will certainly increase in value very rapidly, as it is in the most desirable part of the city. For further particulars see F. E. Harman or W. F. Numan of the soliciting committee. 53-5t

SUNDAY SCHOOL PICNIC.

The Sunday school of the First Baptist church will picnic at Hovey's park Wednesday, August 7th. Those who wish to attend will meet at the church at 1 p. m., and hacks will be provided to take them to the park. Hacks will also leave the church at 3 p. m. and 5 p. m. All members of the church, school, and congregation are requested to be present and bring their friends with them. m&tu

GUSHER

Drilled Near the Town of Marion, Ind.,

Reported Good for One Thousand Barrels.

Was Shot Yesterday Afternoon and the Flow That Followed was Too Heavy to be Checked, Says a Dispatch.

A dispatch from Marion, Ind., to the Enquirer, says:

"The best oil well in Indiana was drilled in and shot by the Baldwin syndicate, on the Harry Miller farm, this afternoon at 2 o'clock. Oil commenced to spurt over the top of the derrick after it was shot, and it is impossible to control it. A six-inch stream of oil is shooting 75 feet into the air. A lake of oil is being formed by the gusher, which is estimated by conservative oil producers to be worth 1,000 barrels a day. The well is located within a square of the city limits, and hundreds of people have witnessed the phenomenal freak. It has been impossible to control the flow, as the strike was unexpected and no preparations were made."

MISSIONARY MEETING.

The Woman's Foreign Missionary society of Trinity M. E. church, will hold an all day meeting next Wednesday, at the home of Mrs. Robison, 410 west Wayne street.



Our Clearance Sale of Wrappers
Commences Wednesday, Aug. 7.

A great many Wrappers that we have decided to sell at a loss. Among them are Lawns, Calicoes and Percales; every size from 32 to 44 is here, and for those who can't see some very good bargains are here.

\$1.59, \$1.69, \$1.79 Lawn Wrappers at..... \$1.19

\$1.00, \$1.25 Lawn and Percale Wrappers at..... 59c, 69c, 79c

See Window Display of these Genuine Wrapper Bargains.

Pedestrian Skirts

Just opened at \$5.00, \$5.75, \$6.50, \$7.50, \$8.50, \$10.00, \$12.50; in all the best, new shades.

New Silk Waists

At \$5.00, \$6.00, \$6.50, \$7.50; in black and colors; all the newest styles for Fall.



55-57 PUBLIC SQUARE.

Dress Goods.

Suit House.

**CUT**

Off Another Nice Bunch

And the Total

Is Not Far from the Required Figures.

Canvassers Met Last Night and Can See Promises of a Victory.

It Will Take Another Handful of Good Citizens to Help the Project Along and They are Being Looked After.

A dozen or more of Lima's prominent business men were present at the meeting held in Cable and Parmenter's office last night, engaged in the discussion of the Lima Machine Works' proposition, and it was evident from comments and suggestions made that each and every member of the canvassing committee shares in the opinion that their efforts are to be crowned with success.

The goal has not been reached, and it is still dodging around like a will-o-the-wisp, but the work of the day was encouraging and there are a number of names on record of others who have practically promised to take a lot, so that a few more days like yesterday will wind up the fatiguing duties and bring the sum total up to the required number. One effect of this thorough canvass has been to mark those who are willing to make a personal sacrifice in order to benefit the city, and on the other hand the committee has made mental note of not a few who could easily do so without inconvenience, but do not hesitate to decline because of dissatisfaction as to the method employed. This latter class offers no substitute, and it is plain to every one who has had anything to do with the canvass that had any other plan been adopted failure absolutely would have resulted.

As it is everyone has an equal chance and even if the poorest lot in the bunch is drawn, the price is such that the lot will in time bring a return of every cent paid for it.

Everybody was primed for new exertion today and when the committees separated this morning, after meeting at the Lima house, they went after whatever available timber was left and in three hours time about a dozen more names had been secured. At this rate there will be another good showing made before the day is done and then will come the gleaming. Not a few who had refused to buy early in the canvass have finally come to the rescue, many of them voluntarily, and there are still enough citizens left who realize the importance of carrying the proposition, to make the sale of the lots possible within the next

ALBRECHT BROS.

The American Clothiers.

25 per cent discount on "Regatta" Wash Suits for children.
50 cent Belts at 25 cents.
Straw Hats at One-fourth to One-half off.
Summer Clothing very cheap.
Handsome Shirt Waists in Lima \$1.00 to \$1.50.
Handsome Negligee Shirts in Lima 50c to \$3.00.
Fall Styles Glimble Hats just arrived.

FOR THE REAL THINGS AT THE RIGHT PRICES.

"MEET ME AT THE LIMA HOUSE CORNER."

two or three days. If you are one of these, notify a member of the committee and so lessen the burden that is resting so heavily on their shoulders. The record of yesterday and up to noon today, the following names were added, but there are still a few not yet reported:

Ed. Baechler, 2; N. Shook, 1; Leech & Leech, 1; Peter Keller, 1; D. H. Ebling, 1; C. Geiger, 1; J. H. Jackson, 1; Val Heli, 1; J. A. Guncheon, 1; P. Walther, 1; E. W. Cook, 1; J. C. Musser, 1; C. M. Miller, 1; W. H. Orr, 1; W. S. Overly, 1; M. L. Reyer, 3; J. M. Boose, 1; H. A. DeLong, 1; Dr. J. B. Vail, 1; C. G. Waltz, 1; C. J. McCune, 1; De Curtin Bros., 1; Morris Hefeller, 1; J. T. Tolen, 1; J. W. Shannahy, 1; D. H. Buchanan, 1.

ANOTHER

Member of Police Force in Trouble.

Officer Seeds Charged With Being Intoxicated.

Visited the Winchester Gun Club Grounds and Made Himself Obnoxious to the Men and Ladies Present.

Notwithstanding the fact that the majority of the members of the police department are now on their best behavior, pending the result of the police committee's investigation that has been ordered by the city council and demanded by the public, another officer is now charged with being guilty of conduct unbecoming to a policeman while on duty. Officer C. R. Seeds is the member of the department who must answer to this charge and although he denies the allegations

made he must offset the statements of quite a large number of south side citizens who charge him with drunkenness and the use of profane and obscene language while on duty.

Officer Seeds has been on duty on the south side since the first of the month and this is not the first time that he has been charged with too liberal a use of stimulants. Yesterday afternoon he visited the gun shoot held by the Winchester Gun Club, on the club grounds south of the steel works, and while using a borrowed shot gun, he indulged in language that was very offensive to a sister of one of the members present.

This morning, officer Seeds announced that he would not be on duty this afternoon and sergeant Taddy was afterwards instructed to notify him to report to the mayor.

When will this disgraceful condition of the executive department of the city administration cease?

The Hawaiian woman's club at Honolulu, debated the question: "Is it better to take Rocky Mountain Tea, hot or cold?" Either way it magnifies your pleasure. Ask your druggist. 44

The Oil Market.

Texas	.....	\$1.40
Pennsylvania	.....	1.25
Somerset	.....	.93
Cornwall	.....	.98
New Castle	.....	1.09
North Lima	.....	.91
South Lima	.....	.59
Indiana	.....	.54
White House	.....	.75

INVITATION TO ADVERTISERS.

We cordially invite all advertisers and others interested in newspaper circulation to visit our press room and inspect the circulation of the Times-Democrat as it is run out from our fast Hoe press. We absolutely guarantee a circulation greater than any other Lima newspaper has now or ever had in its history of this city.